

SIX COOKS

And a Wagon Load of Champagne
Were With Colville.

He and His Friends Feasted

After the Messenger Had Notified Him That the
Boers Were Coming. The Result Was
a Disaster for the British
Troops.

London, Dec. 29.—The true reason for the dismissal of Gen. Colville, has leaked out. He traveled with six cooks and with a wagon load of champagne and the night the Boers were captured near Lindley, South Africa, he was giving a spread and though warned that the Boers were approaching kept the messenger waiting for hours, while he and his friends ate and drank. Then it was too late. Lieut. Col. Sprague and Capt. Ker follow him into retirement.

INVASION IS EXTENDED.

Standerton, Dec. 29.—It is reported that the Boer Commando of 3,000 men has invaded Natal. Skirmishes have occurred at several points.

BRITISH SUFFER LOSS.

London, Dec. 29.—Lord Kitchener reports that the British column was attacked at Gray's State. Two captains were wounded; eight men killed; 27 are wounded and 20 missing.

MCDONALD IS DEAD

The Slayer of Auditor Morris Refused
Food and Medicine Until Death.

Washington, Dec. 29.—Sam MacDonald, the slayer of Frank Morris, died this morning at 7 o'clock at the emergency hospital. MacDonald purposely combatted the efforts of the attending physicians by vomiting and refusing food offered him. MacDonald refused to make a statement before he died and as he was an atheist there was no minister present at the end.

The body will be turned over to friends for burial.

MORRIS' WIFE GLAD OF IT.

Washington, Dec. 29.—Mrs. Frank Morris, widow of MacDonald's victim, said, "I am glad he is dead. If he had recovered I fear his friends would have been able to obtain a light sentence or perhaps his acquittal on the plea of insanity, although he was not insane."

Hasty Proposal, Marriage and Divorce.

New York, Dec. 29.—Julia Morrison, who shot and killed Frank Leiden at Chattanooga, he being her stage manager and was acquitted last fall, on the ground of shooting, on account of being provoked by insult, applied for absolute divorce today, because her

husband Fred James, of Memphis refuses to let her go on the stage. He saw her on the train in 1892, spoke to her, in ten minutes proposed, though he had never seen her before and married her forthwith. After the murder trial he again refused to let her act and so she sued for a divorce.

MANY VESSELS WRECKED

In a Terrible Tornado Which Blew
Along the English Coast

London, Dec. 29.—Incessant reports of innumerable shipping casualties show that the gale was one of the worst known in many years. Probably several days will elapse before the full extent of the damage becomes known. Many vessels have been wrecked or placed in great danger. The fate of some of the cross-channel mail steamers is in doubt. It would be impossible to enumerate all the minor casualties. Late advice tell of an accident that took place near Taunton. The breakwater at Watchet harbor yielded to the force of the gale and became a wreck, permitting a tremendous sea to have full play against the shipping in the harbor. Several vessels broke adrift, two foundered and five others were driven into a hopeless tangle in a corner between a pier and a wharf, where they lay grinding each other. Their masts and bulwarks speedily went overboard and their hulls were greatly battered. The damage will reach many thousands of pounds. The Australian bark Capricorn was driven ashore near Bude, Cornwall. Nine of the crew were drowned, one was saved and four are still on board with little likelihood of being rescued, as they are unable to avail themselves of the rocket apparatus.

Two other vessels are ashore on the Cornwall coast. Several were stove in at Liffcombe harbor. The bark Regna was wrecked off Trevine, near Cardiff, three of her crew being drowned and nine being rescued by rocket lines. H. M. S. Black Prince at Queenstown and H. M. S. Teazer at Portsmouth were both badly damaged. Wales appears to have suffered the worst effects of the gale, both on land and sea, but everywhere the telegraph wires are much disorganized and reports are therefore incomplete. Considerable damage to property inland is certain to be reported. Some 50 barges and sailing craft broke from moorings in the Thames alone. At Oswestry a theater was destroyed. The bark Primrose Hill struck on the rocks and was immediately battered by mountainous waves. The three aftermasts went overboard and she broke in twain, leaving only the foremast standing. Three minutes later this went also. The vessel was soon smashed up. The Hibernia stood by throughout, but was powerless to aid. The Holyhead steam lifeboat made three vain attempts to reach the Primrose Hill. The latter's crew was huddled on the poop when a huge sea dashed over the vessel, washing all away save one sailor, who was finally hurled against the rocks, sustaining terrible injuries.

French Coast Swept.

Paris, Dec. 29.—Storms of extreme violence have swept the west and northwest coasts of France. There has been some loss of life, together with considerable damage to shipping.

ALL WERE DROWNED.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 29.—Authentic news was received this morning of the loss of the Japanese training ship Toyokishima Maru with all hands; 121 souls. She foundered near Namadzu, Japan.

GREAT GOLD STRIKE.

Seattle, Dec. 29.—Dawson is wild over the great gold strike in the Tannana district. The dirt is said to average \$14 to the pan. There are 8,000 people wintering in Dawson.

FATAL RESULT

Attended the Placing of
Dynamite

On a Stove to Thaw Before
Using It.

Six Men Were Killed Outright and
Five Others So Seriously In-
jured That They Can-
not Live.

Kaysen, W. Va., Dec. 29.—One of the most disastrous accidents in the history of railroad building in this section happened at Baker Camp, near Durbin, Pocahontas county, on the line of the coal and iron railroad now building out from Elkins. As the result of a dynamite explosion six men are dead and several others are not expected to live.

The accident happened while the men were at dinner. Some dynamite had been placed about the stove to thaw out, and shortly after a terrific explosion wrecked the camp, killed three men outright and injured eight others, three of whom have since died. The dead men were blown to atoms. Physicians hurried from Greenback and worked all night with the wounded, some of whom begged the doctors to shoot them instead of helping them to live to be blinded or maimed for life.

GENERAL

Strike of Coal Miners
in Nova Scotia

Seems to be Now Most
Imminent.

The Managers Have Agreed to the
January Advance, But Declined
That Demanded For
Next April.

Halifax, N. S., Dec. 29.—A general strike of the coal miners of Nova Scotia is imminent. The managers of the various collieries in Pictou, Cumberland and Cape Breton counties met at Montreal a month ago and again at Halifax this week, and considered the demand of the miners presented three months since for a 12 per cent increase in wages all round on Jan. 1, and a further increase of 10 per cent April 1. The operators agreed to grant the new year's advance of 12 per cent, but declined to grant the April advance.

INCENDIARISMS

Are Rampant in the
Barbadoes.

Many Canefields and Houses
Have Been Burned.

During the Week That Has Just
Ended—Farmers Are Becom-
ing Alarmed Over the
Situation.

Kingston, Jamaica, Dec. 29.—Mail advices from Barbadoes report that incendiarism is rampant there. Thirteen canefields and house premises were burned during the week ending Dec. 16. The planters are alarmed and are securing police protection. All the interested islands are disappointed at the nonratification of the American reciprocity treaties.

PINGREE ON HIS EAR.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 29.—Governor Pingree has once more defied the state authorities and refusing to go to Lansing to answer contempt charges. It is possible that the governor of the great state of Michigan may be dragged to Lansing in the custody of a sheriff.

GIRL

And Her Advisers
are Involved

In the Murder

Of Millionaire Richard-
son at St. Louis.

Two Striking Sensations
Developed at the In-
quest.

The Deceased is Said to Have Been
a Subject of Blackmail for
Nearly a Year
Past.

St. Joseph, Mo., Dec. 29.—Two sensations resulted from the evidence adduced at the inquest over the murder of Frank O. Richardson, the millionaire merchant, who was shot down in his home at Savannah, Mo., Christmas eve. The first sensation was testimony establishing the probable innocence of the business partner of the murdered man, who has been under suspicion as the murderer, it having been alleged that the partner, just previous to the murder, was accused by Richardson of undue intimacy with Mrs. Richardson. The second sensation was the fact that the testimony tended to fix the responsibility for the crime on a woman and her adviser, a traveling man, who are alleged to have blackmailed the deceased out of various sums of money, covering a period of almost a year. Mrs. Richardson, the murdered man's wife, will take the stand today.

The above sensations were developed in the testimony of Charles Stanton, superintendent of the electric light station. He testified that Richardson was much afraid of Goldie Whitehead, a young woman who resided at Stauberly, Mo. The day before the killing Richardson had told him he had given \$50 to a traveling man to give to the woman, and that the traveling man had kept half the money. Stanton had talked with the Whitehead woman after the murder, and she had said she was "not afraid of them ever getting her" for the crime. Further sensational evidence is expected.

Wanted in Michigan.

Washington, Dec. 29.—A request was received by the state department from Governor Pingree of Michigan for the extradition of Charles Thompson, who is charged with forgery, committed in Detroit. Thompson is now in Cuba. The state department, taking the ground that the island is at present solely under the control of the United States military, did not undertake to go into the merits of the application, but transmitted the papers at once to the war department. After examination as to their form they probably will be sent to General Wood at Havana.

Croove and the Pony.

Omaha, Dec. 29.—Daniel Burris positively identified at Pacific Junction, Ia., the pony left there mysteriously in the barn of Mrs. Mack the day following the Cudahy abduction, as one he sold to a man answering the description of Pat Crowe, a few days before the abduction. Mrs. Thomas B. Cooper, a married daughter of Burris, was shown a collection of 25 photographs taken from the rogues' gallery and asked to select, if she could, one or more which resembled the "light" man who called to buy the pony. She picked out two photographs of Crowe.

Negroes Attempt a Lynching.

Fayetteville, W. Va., Dec. 29.—There was great excitement among the colored people here over the arrival of 23 negroes who had been arrested at Star and held for the grand jury for having attempted to lynch Esquire Workman at that place on Christmas night. Squire Workman had arrested a negro on Christmas day for disorderly conduct. Later some negroes tried to rescue the prisoner and one of them was killed. Then followed the attempt that night to lynch Workman, for which these 23 prisoners were arrested.

Charged With Murder.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 29.—A young man named Mappin is under arrest at Pittsfield, suspected of killing Michael Corcoran, a wealthy farmer of Griggsville, who was found dead in a field near Griggsville several days ago with two bullet holes through the head and one through the body. Mappin denies his guilt.

Train Drowning.

Nashville, Dec. 29.—James Atkins, his wife Sarah, and Lou Cunningham were drowned in the Cumberland river near Celina, Tenn. They were crossing the stream in a small boat, which struck a snag and sank.

MADE A GOOD HAUL.

Akron, Ohio, Dec. 29.—Burglars cracked the safe in Hiram Brouse company's department stores early this morning, securing \$250, and a gold watch. There is no dew.

FAMINE IN SHANSI.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 29.—Steamer advices are that terrible famine is raging in China Province Shansi. Cannibalism is common and human flesh is offered for sale in many villages.

GERMANY

Does Not Approve of the
Measure

In Which the United States
Senate Voted

On the Pauncetote-Hay Treaty.
This Germany is Prejudiced
Against Our Form of
Government.

Berlin, Dec. 29.—The Kreuze Zeitung, Conservative, the chief mouthpiece of the government, devotes two long articles to the Nicaragua canal controversy, pronouncing the Davis amendment of the Hay-Pauncetote treaty "a slap for England." "Treaties could not be more recklessly brushed aside than they have been in this case by the United States senate," says the Kreuze Zeitung. "If the president adopts the senate's position, England will have a moral right to prepare a Fashoda for the United States; but judging from previous experiences she will not do so. England is not likely to play her strongest trump against the United States, but if she were to do so, and not the United States, would be the sufferer. Fortune is fickle."

HE KNOWS

Where to Put Handson
Them.

And Says He Will Watch
Them Carefully.

The President of the Black Re-
public Has Issued an Effective
Address to His Con-
stituents.

Kingston, Jamaica, Dec. 29.—President Tiresias Simon Sam of Haiti delivered an impassioned address Dec. 16 deprecating the efforts of his enemies to discredit his government in the eyes of the United States and other nations. He said he knew who his enemies were and that he would watch them carefully until the expiration of his term of office in 1903. Advice from Haiti say the speech made an excellent impression and that the country is tranquil.

HEAVY LOSS

Sustained by Witten-
berg College.

A Fire Entirely Destroyed
Divinity Hall.

This Building Was the Gift of Dr.
Hamma, and the Loss on the
Building Alone Will Reach
\$20,000.

Springfield, O., Dec. 29.—Flamma Divinity hall on the Wittenberg college grounds burned to the ground. It was occupied by the theological seminary and was the gift of Dr. M. V. Hamma of Washington, D. C., to the institution. The loss on the building will be about \$20,000, covered by insurance. The building contained recitation rooms and was the dormitory of the students, and all the furniture and their libraries were destroyed, none being insured. The building also contained valuable libraries of Drs. Ort and Breckenridge. The fire started from a furnace in the cellar.

THE WEATHER.

Ohio—Fair tonight, warmer in north-west portion; Sunday fair, warmer, fresh to brisk, west to south winds.

ALGER

Tells What He Knows About the Food
of the Army

During American-Spanish War

He Says Miles' Charges Were Unsoldierly, In-
excusable and Without Foundation.
The Ex-Secretary of War Swells
up Embalm Beef Eagen.

New York, Dec. 29.—The North American Review in its next issue will contain an article on "The Food of the Army During the Spanish War," by former Secretary of War Russell A. Alger. The article says in part:

"The commission appointed by the president at my request to investigate the conduct of the war department in the war with Spain, commonly known as the war investigation, met on the 23rd day of September, 1898. On the 21st day of December General Miles, the major general commanding the army of the United States, appeared before the commission, then sitting in Washington, and made his statements with respect to the canned, fresh and refried beef furnished to the army during the war."

"Although the commission had been sitting nearly three months, the charges with respect to canned and refried beef were now made for the first time; and, stranger and more inexcusable and more unsoldierly still, during all these months, with this pretended knowledge of facts which, if they existed, should have been made known to the secretary of war for the protection of the army—General Miles never mentioned the subject. In answer to inquiries as to how canned beef became a part of the army ration, General Miles said:

"You had better ask the secretary of war or the commissary general. I think they can tell you. I know it was sent to the army as food, and the pretense is that it was sent as an experiment. There were sent to Porto Rico 537 tons of what is known as or called refrigerated beef, which you might call embalmed beef."

"The allegations that unsuitable food, not a part of the legal ration, had been furnished to the army under pretense of an experiment, and that refrigerated beef, treated with chemicals, had been used and was being supplied to our army of 275,000 men, were indeed serious, implying, as they did, criminal incompetence on the part of the commissary department, if not willful negligence and dishonesty."

Here General Alger pays tribute to the worth of General Egan as a soldier, officer and man, dwelling especially upon his good work in the commissary department during the Spanish war. Mr. Alger continues:

"General Ragan read his reply to the war investigation commission from

a carefully prepared approximation manuscript. Lashed to the quick by the allegations contained in General Miles' testimony and in his subsequent interview which appeared on Dec. 23, in a New York newspaper, his indignation exceeded the limits of his self-control and in his efforts to deny the charges made his language became vituperative, extravagant and highly improper. The allegation that I had inspired or had any knowledge of General Egan's forwarded attack upon the statement of General Miles is absolutely untrue. As soon as I learned of General Egan's statement before the commission I sent for him, informed him of my surprise and solicitation at his conduct."

"The suspension of General Egan from the functions of his office until his retirement, stripped the service of an honest and able officer. His conduct was not the outcome of General Miles' charges, but the result of intemperate and semimilitary language conceived in an indignation pardonable, perhaps, by its excess, but unsupportable in its mode of expression."

Mr. Alger then treats General Miles' allegations specifically and in detail. In refutation of these charges the former secretary offers the testimony adduced before the war investigation commission and the subsequent findings of that body. In conclusion General Alger says:

"While the allegations of General Miles were not based upon fact, and were conclusively disproved by two separate tribunals, unimpeachable in their composition and methods of investigation, the irreparable damage had been done. A brave, honest and faithful officer, suffering under the lash of such cruel, unwarranted and unjustified imputations, while exonerated from the heavy odium of those charges, was, as a result of them, sacrificed on the altar of his own passion, righteous in its existence but inexcusable in its expression. Besides this, a false impression had been created throughout the country as to the food furnished the army, which may never be removed. The charges of General Miles, twice proven false in spirit and substance, are therefore the more heinous in their effect. Yet the present congress promoted General Miles to be lieutenant general, and has thus far failed to give General Shafter the rank of major general to retire upon in his old age, and this, after his magnificent campaign at Santiago as well as his former distinguished services."

SMALLPOX EPIDEMIC

Which Originated in the Family of a
Member of the Board Health.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 29.—Dr. Probst, secretary of the State Board of Health, today reports the investigation of smallpox at Gates Mills, 18 miles from Cleveland. He found that the epidemic started from a social given by a member of the local Board of

Health. He has smallpox and the quarantine officer, who was penning up other victims, was found to have three cases in his own family and the health officer has one case in his family. This is the first case on record where health authorities became the promoters of an epidemic.

Visiting Saloons Hunting Her Husband.

Alliance, Ohio, Dec. 29.—Mrs. Wm. Kincaid put on her husbands clothes last night and visited a number of saloons to see if she could find him. She was unsuccessful and later was arrested for wearing men's clothes

and taken before the mayor to whom she told her story and was dismissed on a promise that she would go home. Now her husband is hunting for her. She has disappeared. Her husband swears she is demented.

Now Conger Threatens to Resign.

Washington, Dec. 29.—The friends of Minister Conger say he will shortly resign as he feels hurt at the criticism of the state war department charging him with dullness, lack of

judgment and personal feeling in the Chinese negotiations. The state department has also charged that he has disobeyed orders and shown no moderation.

SANARY
You would not permit some part of a delicate piece of machinery to get out of order and thereby wreck or ruin the entire machine, yet every day, if your kidneys are diseased, you receive warnings that one of the most delicate and important organs of the human machine is out of order. Possibly you attempt to remedy the trouble with lithia waters or tablets which accomplish nothing but a temporary flushing of the kidneys. **KIDNEY DISEASES ARE CURED BY SANARY**, a remedy which has a specific action on the conditions which cause the disease, and not by a mere flushing of the kidneys. **SANARY** causes the kidneys to do their work properly; the work of excreting and getting rid of the impurities of the blood. **SANARY** dissolves the excess uric acid from the tissues and the restored kidneys get rid of it. Thus **SANARY** cures rheumatism as well as many other blood diseases.

SANARY sells at One Dollar per bottle at your druggist. Prepared by Simms Medicine Company, St. Louis, Mo.

ALKANESIA IS A PERMANENT CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA, AFFORDING PROMPT RELIEF AND REMOVING THE CAUSE. \$1.00 A BOTTLE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

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Your ad carried FREE to The Times Democrat by A. D. T. Messenger.

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YOU CAN REST ASSURED THAT YOU ARE INSURED.

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"SAN FELICE"
Is the cigar you should choose as a holiday gift. Do not make the mistake of buying cigars haphazard.

The "San Felice" is a perfect cigar, tried by time and proved by America's most fastidious and exacting smokers. You can make no mistake in choosing it, as it perfectly suits the tastes of all smokers and will be received with delight instead of suspicion.

Everybody knows how good the "San Felice" cigar is. For gift purposes the "San Felice" in boxes can be obtained at all our dealers.

For sale everywhere.

HENRY DEISEL & CO.
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"DISEASES OF MEN"
Is the name of A NEW BOOK JUST PUBLISHED.
20,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

This book is fully illustrated with forty (40) engravings, showing the vital organs and diseases in their various stages, and is written in plain language, describing the causes, symptoms and the most effective private diseases of men, and tells how they may be cured at home.

It is intended for the special benefit of men who are suffering with diseases or who desire to know more of their own nature in order that they may preserve health by guarding against indiscretions, excesses and imprudent habits. It gives advice and information you could not obtain elsewhere without considerable expense.

By request we will send one of these books free, by mail, in a plain wrapper, sealed, to anyone sending us their name and address.

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FIRST CLASS BARBER SHOP

Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting done to order. Special room for ladies hair dressing.

A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

Foley's Honey and Tar
heals lungs and stops the cough.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of William H. Stewart, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed, and qualified as administrator of the estate of William H. Stewart, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 2nd day of November, A. D. 1901.

F. M. DUFFIELD, Administrator.
Nov. 28, 01.

DR. W. N. BOYER,
Physician and Surgeon.

Special attention given to RHEUMATISM AND DISEASES OF WOMEN.

ROOMS—29-30, Opera House Block, corner Main and Spring streets. Entrance on Main street.

Nov. 28, 01.

THE APOLLO
IS THE ONLY
5 C.
CIGAR

which is guaranteed full Havana filled.

A trial will convince you there is no equal in taste or aroma.

THE MOORE BROTHER CO.,
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DR. DERBYSHIRE,
Physician and Surgeon.

Special attention given to diseases of the nose, throat and lungs. Office: Cor. Main and Spring streets. Entrance on Main street.

Nov. 28, 01.

TOPICS

For Divine Services Tomorrow

Where the Day of Rest is Observed.

Hours at Which Religious Services Will be Held in the City. Interesting Sermons are Promised.

Union Street Lutheran Church.
Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Morning service at 10:15; subject of sermon "The Redeemer, the Redemption, the Redeemed." Luther League at 6 p. m. Evening service at 7 o'clock appropriate to the close of the century theme, "The Call of the Twentieth Century." A full attendance is desired. Strangers welcome. Carl Aekermann, pastor.

U. S. Church.
Corner of Spring and Union streets Sabbath school at 9 a. m. Preaching at 10 a. m.; subject, "Our duty in the first year of the twentieth century." Junior Young People's services at 2:30. Young People's Christian Union at 6:30. Preaching at 7; subject, Preparation for our work at hand. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. The Ladies' Aid Society will have a social at Rev. A. W. Bullinger's home, 555 east Elm street, Thursday, from 5 to 7.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church
Corner North and Elizabeth streets; Rev. F. P. Bussart, pastor. Services at 10:15 a. m. and 7 p. m. Morning subject, "Christ is set for the fall and rising of many in Israel;" evening subject, "Closing thoughts for the old year and the old century." Sunday school at 9 a. m. Junior League at 3 p. m. Luther League at 6:15. Divine Society Wednesday evening at 7. The Ladies' Aid on Thursday at 2 p. m. All are welcome.

German Reformed Church
West Wayne street. Sunday school at 9 a. m. Sermon at 10 o'clock and in connection will be the celebration of the Lord's supper. There will be no evening service on account of the funeral of William Becker, which is to be held in the afternoon at the church. "Sylvester" services Monday evening at 7 o'clock. New Year's services Tuesday at 10 a. m. All members and friends are urged to attend these services. The Ladies' Aid society will meet Wednesday at 2 p. a. at the church; important business. Paul H. Land, pastor.

Spring Street Lutheran Church.
Corner of west Spring and Pierce streets. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Worship and sermon at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. On account of the funeral of Mrs. Haysell at 2 p. m. there will be no Junior Endeavor meeting. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 p. m. Everybody welcome. J. J. Miller, pastor.

Main St. Presbyterian Church
Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; preaching by the pastor at 10:30; subject, "Commissioned Petitioners Committed." C. E. service at 6:30 and at 7:15 a special service in the interest of the Anti-Saloon league. State Superintendent Baker will speak. Prayer service at 7:15 Wednesday evening. All made welcome.

W. G. Smith, Pastor.

West Market Presbyterian Church.
The pastor, Robert J. Thompson, D. D., will preach at 7 p. m., a sermon on the closing year; subject, "How long have I to live?" At 10:30 a. m., Purley A. Baker, state superintendent of the Ohio Anti-Saloon league, will speak upon the work. Sunday school, 9:15; Junior Endeavor, 3; Senior Endeavor, 6 o'clock; preparatory lecture and election of elders and trustees, Thursday, 7 p. m.; communion, January 6. All worshippers cordially welcomed at all services.

Calvary Reformed Church.
Corner of High and Park avenue. Sunday school, 9:30; preaching, 10:30; subject, "The Lord's Supper;" 7, "The 19th Century." Jr. C. E., 2 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:15; prayer and praise service, Wednesday, 7 p. m. The Lord's supper will be administered on Sunday morning. A "watch meeting" will be held on Monday night by the Y. P. S. C. E. at 11 a. m. All are cordially invited to all the services.

A. D. WOLFINGER, Pastor.

First Church of Christ (Scientist)
Sunday morning service at 10:30; subjects of Bible lesson December 30th is "Christian Science." Golden text, 1. 11, 12. The Sunday school follows the morning service. The Wednesday evening testimonial meeting at 7:30. All services are held in the hall on third floor of Cincinnati building. This hall is open as a reading room every afternoon except Sunday, from two to five and all callers are welcome.

Christian Catholic Church.
Salvation, healing, holy living. Services at Zion Tabernacle, south Main street, every Lord's day at 9:30 and 10:30 a. m., and 2:30 and 7 p. m. Subject at 2:30, "Hating and Loving God and His Word, with the Rosetta." Come and learn that God is an ever-present father. S. Moot, elder in charge.

West Wayne St. Church of Christ.
W. A. Brandige, pastor; residence 207 north West street. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Bible school at 9:15. Junior C. E. at 8. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6. Sunday night at 7 o'clock the pulpit will be filled by G. J. Raynor, assistant state superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league. Hear him. All members who took a stand for Christ during the meetings are kindly invited to be present at 10:30. There will be a reception for all the new members Wednesday night, January 2, 1901. Special announcement will be given Sunday morning at 10:30. Choir practice tonight; all lovers of music are invited.

West Lima Congregational Church
Corner High and Cole streets, J. G. Thomas, pastor. Sunday school at 2 p. m.; evening service and sermon at 7 p. m.; prayer meeting, Thursday evening; choir rehearsal at 10:30. Choir practice tonight; all lovers of music are invited.

Trinity M. E. Church.
Meeting of the classes at 9 a. m. Preaching at 10 a. m. by pastor, subject, "The Century's Progress." Sunday school at 11:30 a. m. J. N. Heininger, superintendent. Junior League at 3 p. m. Miss Riggs, superintendent. Epworth devotional meeting at 6 p. m. Worship and sermon at 7 p. m. Services every evening next week except Tuesday and Saturday.

WRONG ENVELOPES.
A Little Mistake That Cost a Senator Some Unpleasantness.

Senator Chandler of New Hampshire is known as one of the most exact and painstaking of men. He rarely makes mistakes, and has little patience to spare for those of others. But the wily and careful senator was recently guilty of a blunder which cost him trouble to rectify. It was nothing more or less than exchanging envelopes upon two letters written about the same matter. The story as related by his very dear friends runneth thus: Once upon a time Chandler received an invitation from Senator Frye to go up to one of the Maine lakes and enjoy a spell of hunting and fishing. Politics would, of course, come up during the quiet evenings. Senator Chandler had other plans, and thereupon he invited two letters, one to his wife which ran to this effect: "My Dear Lucy: I have received an invitation from Frye to go up with him into Maine for a hunting and fishing trip; but I shall not accept. Frye is a temperance crank and never has anything for himself or friends to drink, and therefore I have got out of the thing as diplomatically as I can. There is not much enjoyment under the circumstances." The letter then ran on to detail other domestic confidences. The letter received by Mrs. Chandler ran merely along these lines: "My Dear Frye: I received your invitation and am very sorry that I cannot accept. You know Mrs. Chandler is very disagreeable about such things, and so I must decline. Some other time, when I can get up a good story to justify the fun." The first intimation which Senator Chandler had of his error was an indignant missive from the wife of his bosom berating him for his ungallant conduct in holding her up to his friends as a disagreeable woman. Senator Frye, fortunately for Chandler, held his peace, as he did not know whether or not the epistle was loaded, and fancied that the contretemps might be merely one of Chandler's little jokes, which would have an ending disastrous to intermediaries. The truth of the matter is that Senator Chandler is just as much of a test-taker as his confrere from Maine, but the other senators who have heard of the affair are chaffing him unmercifully.—Success.

HOMEMADE PHILOSOPHY.
Look alterer on the dark side of life, and the few bright specks you find will look awl the more lovely.

Men hoo love the law most are generally makin use ov it in thare specialty of skinnin the people.

Sum people will shed teaze over a poor old horse, but pass by a poor old man with no that ov sympathetick brine.

People hoo love too 'early have to pay more for the article than it is worth. Like the boy's watch, it costs more'n it come to.

The man hoo gitz coard an snatcht from the grave thore the virtue of patent medisen, like the gods, are located a durn wayze off.

Never forget the man that doctored yoore cow, nor forgive the man that pisoned yoore dog. The more yoo hate the mean man, the more yoo will love the good one.

Az fast as the novelty weaze off the young bridegroom's love, the complaints about the cookin grow louder an louder, until at last noboddy in the world kin cook like his ma.

Don't treat yoore nabor to whiskey that izent good annif for yoorselt, for the old taste may be in his mouth wen yoo go to him later on an ax him to cum over an help raise a sick steer.

The first man hoo kicks against oppression an wrong, kicks against a mountain; but the mountain is sure to tumble down sooner or later, tho he may then be only a thin skum ov dust at the bottom ov a forgotten hole in the ground.

Tharze even a grim source ov satisfaction in beln fatally ill; you find out how little the doctorka know; an wot a grand humbug mediceo really is anyhow.—Finnick's Finnukin in Pennsylvania Grit.

BOERS WILL FIGHT ON.

Commandant Snyman Tells Why They Are Sure of Victory.

DE WET'S WONDERFUL ABILITY.

Famous General's Former Staff Officer Says He Is "the Washington of South Africa"—His Superior Military Strategy—How the Boers Move Through Conquered Territory.

Commandant W. D. Snyman, former staff officer of General De Wet, who came to the United States recently with his 16-year-old son, believes that the Boers will win. Here is what he says in part in an interview with a New York Herald representative:

The Boers will yet win the war against Great Britain, the two republics will yet be free and independent, and General Christian H. De Wet is the man who is bringing about this result. This I believe as sincerely as I know that there is a Creator who guides the destinies of us all. The great ambition of the Boers may not be realized within the next year, nor perhaps the following year, but they will continue to fight for liberty even as General Washington and his countrymen kept on year after year, through defeats and discouragements, until their righteous cause triumphed, whether it will require eight years, as it did Washington, or even longer.

Our fight may appear hopeless, our armies may be decimated, our friends may become lukewarm, but our people will never cease struggling, they will never lay down their arms until our liberties are won and our freedom is assured. Hundreds of our people have lost their lives, all of us have lost our properties, our farms have been destroyed, our flocks and herds confiscated, and many of us have been driven thousands of miles from our wives and children, but these things we willingly bear, for we are confident that we shall be triumphant in the end.

In the same way in which Washington led the American colonists to final victory and placed his name on the scroll of glowing fame, so shall Christian De Wet lead our small forces to ultimate triumph. I say that De Wet is our Washington because he is the man who is the present leader of our forces. If he lives his ability and his fighting of the men under him will make our cause victorious; if he dies or is captured, then there are a hundred other able men to take his place.

When I say that the Boers will win this war, I mean that they will win without any foreign assistance. Media tion or interference we never expect to receive, though the former would have been welcomed, naturally, in order to win the war more quickly, fight. We must fight until our present enemy grants us independence or until one of us is left alive to demand it. These are not only my own sentiments; they are shared by every burgher who is among the 13,000 or 20,000 Boers now in the field.

When I bade goodbye to General De Wet in the Free State in September he said to me: "If you hear that I have surrendered, deny it. I will never surrender. I will fight as long as one man stands by me." President Steyn—that noble patriot—said to me on Sept. 15, as I left him near Komatipoort: "You may tell the American friends of our cause that as long as I live I shall defend that cause. We will continue this fight until we win." That is the spirit which animates the entire army, from the youngest boy in the ranks to the oldest grandfather who carries a rifle.

"Why do you continue to fight when you must know that you are beaten?" some one may ask. Ah! but that is exactly what we do not grant. We have had many reverses, no doubt. But our spirit and our patriotism are as invincible as they ever were. Our resolution to fight is based upon the simple fact that we have nothing more to lose and everything to gain. We are alone in the world with our rifles and our cause, and with the one we must defend the other.

I know that you will say that De Wet and his small army cannot contend much longer against the vast forces of Lord Kitchener. De Wet is as far superior to Kitchener in military strategy as Napoleon was to the most ignorant soldier in his army. That is a broad statement, but De Wet has proved it several times, to the great mortification of the hero of Omdurman. For three months Kitchener, with an army of almost 40,000 men, tried to capture us and De Wet laughed at his efforts and incidentally captured from him a Roodevald in June sufficient winter clothing for every burgher in the army. 9,700 shells and enough small arms and ammunition to last his forces for three years, and De Wet did this with less than 5,000 men!

Since last June the entire Boer army has been supported by the British taxpayer. Almost every single rifle in the Boer army was captured from the British in battles, every cartridge and shell used in our fight since June was taken from the British, all of our communis- tarian supplies for man and horse were taken from the British. Whenever there is a lack of anything in our camp we rally forth and take it from the British.

The Boers will continue the war by harassing their enemy continually for years if need be. They will make it necessary to keep a military force in the country, and sooner or later England will realize that she cannot afford to spend \$500,000,000 a year, year after year, when none of her citizens except a clique of mining men can expect to gain anything by the vast expenditure.

Even now, six months after the annexation of the republics, the Boers are in such complete control of the whole country that the 200,000 soldiers of the queen cannot wander from their garrison towns except in bodies almost as large as our whole army. De Wet and the other generals will continue to make attacks upon the railways and garrisons; they will make incursions into Cape Colony, where their Afrikaner brethren are becoming daily more bitter against the government which is constantly making their lot more unendurable, and they will continue to outwit their opponents at every point, always bearing in mind that when their ammunition and food are exhausted the British taxpayer is ready to furnish more.

In the opinion of all of us our chances of success are becoming brighter every day. In the first place, we know that the English people are becoming heartily tired of the war, and this feeling is growing stronger every time a long list of killed and wounded reaches Great Britain. They know that they cannot withdraw a soldier from the country and that for every man killed or wounded they must send out another.

The three long lines of railway to Pretoria from Cape Town, Durban and Delagoa Bay must be constantly guarded by thousands of men. All the garrisoned towns together require many more thousands. Then there are the vast armies of men constantly pursuing De Wet, Botha and the other generals. All these things make it necessary that England keep an army of more than 200,000 in the country. If any men are withdrawn, our forces will sweep the whole land from the British hands.

Then, too, our army is growing numerically stronger daily. De Wet has recently secured hundreds of able men from Cape Colony, men who have been disgusted by just such things as happened at Worcester the other day when the farmers held a meeting and the British lined the surrounding hills with quick firing guns to prevent free speech.

The annexation of the two republics has been a slap in the face of every Dutch Afrikaner in Cape Colony, and I am willing to wager my life that the majority of the Cape Colonists will yet rise and assist in raising for their race that liberty and freedom which are denied them by the British government.

We are making headway constantly, and the British army is in a worse plight today than it has been at any stage of the war. The British occupy as is as far as it goes. Botha is only a few miles west of Pretoria and has been there for several months. They cannot drive him away, and he practically has them besieged most of the time.

If Kitchener wishes to drive Botha away, he must recall some of the troops that are pursuing De Wet. As soon as he takes the troops away from De Wet that Boer will go on the rampage. In short, the British have not nearly enough soldiers in the country to police it properly, let alone fight the 20,000 Boers in the field.

To show how easy it is for the Boers to move through the "conquered territory" I will cite one incident which occurred in September. Then the Free State officials decided that they would ask President Kruger to go to Europe, and President Steyn was chosen to go to the Transvaal and urge Oom Paul to go. About 70 of us accompanied President Steyn on his journey northward, and we traveled right along the edge of the British outposts through the whole length of the two republics and reached Kruger near the Portuguese border. And the British had the country so well in hand that never a shot was fired at our party!

After Mr. Steyn had succeeded in inducing Kruger to go to Europe he and his handful of men went westward, through the Transvaal, around Pretoria, along the outskirts of Kitchener's army, and reached De Wet's laager without having come in contact with the enemy. The incident merely illustrates that if President Steyn, the most sought after Boer, can travel there more than a thousand miles in the land which the British say they have "firmly under control," there must be something vitally wrong with their style of control.

There can be only one ending of this war so long as a handful of Boers remain. The Boers are fighting for their freedom, their liberty and their homes, and they will not cease until they have won the fight. It may appear gloomy now, but the sun will yet rise upon a free South African people. The blood which has been shed by our people is nourishing our just cause, and the day will surely come when we shall stand side by side with your great republic, which also passed through a long and bitter struggle before it escaped the yoke of British domination.

Somewhere down in South Africa Christian De Wet and his gallant burghers are being pursued by 50,000 soldiers, with hundreds of machine-guns. Day after day he leads his army of great-grandfathers and children to places of safety. Night after night he stands in front of his tent and calling his burghers together asks the god of battle to guide and direct them. He is not fair to look upon; he wears homespun, and his hair has seen years of usage. He never saw the cover of a book of military instruction, and he probably does not own a shilling in the world. He was a butcher and a breeder of cattle before he went into the field against the best trained generals in England, but he will lead our people to victory.

In my mind's eye I can see Christian De Wet leading forward his men and saying, "I will never surrender, boys, as long as two of you remain by me."

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A teaspoonful in a tumbler of water (not iced) night and morning.

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STAGE WHISPERS.

"The Corpse" is a new Tolstoi drama.

Andrew Mack may take "The Rebel" to Australia.

Pauline Hall is going to try a season at the London music halls.

Anna Held may appear in the comic opera, "Madame Sans-Gene."

Olive Wallace will appear in "The Magnetic Girl" in December.

Herbert Keiley and Elsie Shannon may play "Romeo and Juliet."

James A. Herne will take "Shore Acres" to London next summer.

One of the plays in common use in England is "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

Joseph Wheelock will star next season in "Ten Nights in a Barroom."

At Paris the themes for opera bouffe are being taken from Bible stories.

Chauncy Olcott will present a new play, "Garrett O'Magh," in New York, early in January.

M. Coquelin has accepted an invitation to address the Cercle Francaise of Harvard university during his forthcoming American tour.

Harry B. Smith has determined to break away from his association with the making of comic operas and is to write a play, to be based upon Charles Dana Gibson's series of pictures called "The Education of Mr. Pip."

Sarah Bernhardt has decided to abolish the prompter. He was quite different from the English or American prompter, who is unobtrusive and hidden in the wings. The French prompter had a little box in the front of the stage, which looked like a wooden mushroom. Antoine was the first to throw over this strange excrecence; Rafane followed, and now Bernhardt discards it.

FOR PNEUMONIA.
Dr. C. J. Bishop, Agnew, Mich., says: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar in three very severe cases of pneumonia with good results in every case." There is nothing so good. H. F. Vorthkamp, druggist, cor. Main and North streets.

Can Ants Hear?
Naturalists have generally accepted the opinion that ants are not able to perceive any sounds that are audible to human ears. Prof. Weld of the Iowa state university controverts this opinion. He describes in Science careful experiments made by him with four species of American ants, from which he deduces the conclusion that these species at least are able to perceive sound, but whether they do it by means of organs of hearing or through the sense of touch being excited by atmospheric vibrations he is unable to say with certainty. He inclines to the opinion that they do really hear, as some individuals showed a perception of the direction of the sound, such as that of a shrill whistle, and others, which were not disturbed when violently shaken in their glass prisons, seemed to be "driven nearly frantic by shrill sounds."

Musical for circulating libraries.
Some of the principal public libraries in the country have added music to their circulation departments, and with marked success. The idea is spreading now to the libraries in the smaller cities. Seattle has just adopted it, beginning with 200 books of vocal and instrumental music. In the Seattle, as in the other libraries which have adopted this feature, the aim is to encourage the taste for good music. Scores of the most popular oratorios and light and grand operas are the chief features. Popular music, so called, is not barred, however, the line being drawn only on the more objectionable "coon" songs and "cake-walks."


My little girl's hair did not grow. It was harsh and dry, and would break off, and her scalp was full of dry dandruff that I could not comb out. A place around the back of her head was bald, and on the top of her head the hair was only two or three inches long. I used CUTicura SOAP and some CUTICURA Ointment, and her hair has come in thick and is growing all. MRS. A. DOWNEY, Alford, O.

When shampooing with CUTICURA SOAP and light dressing with CUTICURA, parts of scalp, with clear skin, and the scalp will be cool, and dandruff, itching, and itching will be removed.

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Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO.

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A BIT OF FINANCIAL HISTORY.

During the recent debate on tax reduction Representative Grosvenor, of Ohio, dragged into the argument his version of a much discussed financial incident which occurred toward the close of President Harrison's Administration. After denying that Secretary Foster had any intention of issuing bonds to meet a contemplated Treasury deficit he said:

But there was preparation in the Bureau of Printing and Engraving which was not to come into effect until the incoming of the Administration of Mr. Cleveland, and which was done after full consultation with the incoming Secretary of Treasury (Mr. Carlisle) has always been stated, who was then a Senator of the United States, and who may have changed his opinion. And thereupon, the further prosecution of the work of engraving for that bond was at once suspended.

"These," says Mr. Grosvenor, "are the actual historical truths," and he gives for his authority ex-Secretary Foster, from whose lips he often heard the story. It will be observed, however, that there is much uncertainty about these "historical truths" as Mr. Grosvenor relates them. It is not disputed that shortly before Harrison's Administration closed Secretary Foster ordered the preparation of a bond issue to meet a threatened Treasury deficit, and whether or not he paid Mr. Carlisle the courtesy of consulting him on the proposed issue is nothing to the purpose. Nor is it pertinent whether or not Mr. Carlisle changed his opinion on the subject, since the responsible party was Secretary Foster, who alone could then decide whether the bond preparation should be completed. It was evident Secretary Foster who suddenly changed his own opinion and left his Democratic successor to wrestle with the anticipated Treasury deficit.

What will help very much to fill up the hiatus in Mr. Grosvenor's "historical truths" is the official statement made by Secretary Foster early in February, 1893, to the effect that if he should remain in control of the treasury he would provide \$50,000,000 additional revenue in order to meet expenditures up to June 30, 1894. This is the reason why preparations were made under the orders of Secretary Foster at the bureau of printing and engraving for an issue of bonds to cover the deficit anticipated from Republican financing. It does not matter whether Mr. Carlisle was consulted about the issue or not, or what may have been his unofficial opinion about the question. What is certain is that he was soon obliged to complete the preparations for a bond issue which his Republican predecessor had hastily concluded to suspend. It was so much better from Secretary Foster's standpoint to let his Democratic successor struggle with the financial difficulties caused by Republican policy.

Mr. Grosvenor (who is nothing if not one of the most reckless of partisans) says, however, that "the trouble began almost instantly upon the newspaper statement that Mr. Cleveland had been elected, and kept up at an increased ratio of trouble year up to the time when they had to borrow \$262,500,000 to float the current expenses of the government." Will it be pretended that the American people were in "trouble" because they had elected Grover Cleveland to the presidency a second time, and were repentant of their fact? Grosvenor would hardly have the partisan indecency to assert this. Hence, then, originated the trouble?

Certainly not from the men of business and finance who recognized in Grover Cleveland and John G. Carlisle, his chosen secretary of the treasury, the staunchest champions of sound money. Besides this, the financial and business interests rightly anticipated that one of Cleveland's first steps would be to summon an extra session of congress to repeal the Republican Silver Purchase act of 1890, which had caused widespread distrust of the stability of the currency, and which precipitated a financial panic before its mischief could be undone.

Since neither the majority of the American people nor the men of finance whose capital was invested in the securities of the government and of corporations felt any concern over the election of Cleveland, whereas arose the "trouble" to which Mr. Grosvenor foolishly links back in his partisan zeal? It came from a minority which was so wanting in patriotism as to refuse to accept the verdict of the ballot box. Hardly had Cleveland been elected when a portion of the Protectionist press, operating upon the fears of a portion of the protected manufacturers, began a campaign of calamity howling and pseudomathematical misrepresentation which was without former example in the partisan warfare of this country. In asserting that the "trouble" began "instantly" after the election of 1892 Mr. Grosvenor was substantially correct, if in nothing else. But Mr. Grosvenor was much nearer right in his hint as to the origin of this panic than he was in his citation of "historical truths" concerning Secretary Foster's contemplated bond issue to cover treasury deficits threatened by Republican policy.

New Colombian Minister.
Washington, Dec. 29.—United States Charge Beupre, at Bogota, informs the state department that Carlos Martinez Silva, Colombian minister for foreign affairs, has been appointed minister to the United States, and will sail for his post in the course of two weeks. Mr. Thomas Heron has been appointed secretary of the legation at Washington.

Midwesterners in Conference.
St. Louis, Dec. 29.—A conference which will affect the future policy of the middle-of-the-road Populists is being held at the St. James hotel here. The conference was called by Jo A. Parker of Louisville, chairman of the national committee of the party, and will include not only middle-of-the-roaders but reformers of every description who desire to affiliate with the party. Other national leaders are expected and the meeting will doubtless be a lively one.

Colville Arrives.
London, Dec. 29.—A dispatch from Plymouth announces the arrival there of Major General Sir Henry Colville, whose resignation has been demanded by the war office, but who has refused to resign and has come to England from Gibraltar to demand a court-martial with reference to the responsibility for the rearmy disaster at Ladysmith last May.

Sultan Huss'n Settled.
Washington, Dec. 29.—The state department has received no money as yet on account of the Turkish indemnity claims. Nor has it had any connection with the deal made by the Cramps with the Turkish government for the inclusion of the indemnity in the price to be paid for a warship by the Turkish government.

Roberts at Gibraltar.
Gibraltar, Dec. 29.—The steamer "Gibraltar," with Lord Roberts on board, has arrived here from South Africa. The field marshal landed at noon and received a great ovation.

East-Wingers.
All San Francisco—Fischel, H. P. Lane, The Pretter, Dandy King, K. K. K. Lady.

The Weather.
Indications for Sunday-Fair; westerly winds.

THE MEAT OF IT.

Interesting News Notes From All Quarters of the Globe.

Vester Griffin, colored, legally hanged at Danville, Va., for murder.

The carving in of a sand bank killed William Keyser at Canton, O.

Pursell's planing mill burned at Washington C. H., O. Loss, \$5,000.

Jealousy caused Vicomte Jules de Bernoulli to kill his divorced wife at Nice, France.

Lieutenant Gordon Freeman, 30, of the First Nevada cavalry, suicided at Reno, Despondency.

A freight truck and killed six Japanese laborers on the Great Northern road near Culbain, Wash.

Three children of L. Lavery buried to death at Olympia, Wash., during the parents' absence from home.

A row at a dance at DeKalb, Mo., results in the killing of Robert Martin and John McFee by Charles May, an ex-convict.

D. A. Jennings of Columbus, O., fled suit at Indianapolis against 20 residents of Washington county, Ind., for \$200,000. Claims he was white-tipped Jan. 30.

A MORMON DISCOVERY.

Relics of Mexican Cities Said to Confirm Church Traditions.

PARTY GOING SOUTH TO CHILE.

College President and Twenty-four Students From Provo, Utah, Will Devote Three Years to an Extensive Trip—Beliefs and Claims of the Mormons.

And now the Mormons claim that scientific exploration has resulted in the finding of evidence which sustains the traditions and beliefs of their church, says the New York World.

The Mormons believe the Nephites to have been the first inhabitants of the western hemisphere. Benjamin Cluff, president of the Brigham Young college at Provo, Utah, and 24 students left Utah early in the fall on a three years' trip. After going through Mexico and Central America the party will travel through South America as far as Chile. Professor Cluff has written a letter to a friend at Phenix, A. T., in which he says his party has already made important antiquarian discoveries.

Many prehistoric ruins have been examined and evidences unearthed which tend to uphold the Mormon traditions. In the southern part of the state of Durango, Mexico, they found the remains of what appeared to have been a city of great size, and in the largest ruin dug out a stone tablet which was found hieroglyphics which correspond with those in the brass tablets said to have been found in New York and which were translated into the Book of Mormon.

Further excavations revealed a burial place, where a large number of human bones were found, some of the skeletons in an excellent state of preservation. Stone tablets were found marked in each a manner and with such figures as are found on the Painted Rocks in Arizona.

In one large chamber, isolated from the others, they found a great stone tablet which was the bones of what had been a very large man, and in the stone were engraved figures tending to show that the deceased was a ruler among his people. A large pile of tablets, probably records of his reign, were at the rear of the chamber, and many of them will be sent north for examination by expert antiquarians.

According to Mormon traditions, Lehi and Ishmael, accompanied by their families, left Jerusalem about 600 B. C., built boats and sailed toward this continent, landing in what is now called Chile. Lehi had two sons, Nephi and Laman. Nephi was obedient, and Laman was troublesome. The party grew, and two factions settled around the two sons as leaders. Finally the bulk numbered many thousands and built cities in South America. Gradually coming north, cities were established in Central America, Mexico, Arizona and New Mexico.

The two factions waged war for several centuries, and about 400 A. D. the Nephites were exterminated by the Lamanites, from whom the American Indians have descended. Moroni, the last of the Nephites, buried the records of his people, on a brass plate, in the hill Cumorah, in New York state, and an angel revealed these plates to Joseph Smith, who based the Book of Mormon on these records.

By finding in the ruins of Central and South American cities evidences that they were built by descendants of Lehi the Mormons hope to give to the world a proof that the Book of Mormon is what the Latter Day Saints claim it to be—a true history of the first people who inhabited this hemisphere.

New Alpine Tunnel.
One of the recent enterprises in Alpine mountain engineering projects is to run a tunnel under Mont Blanc so that a line connecting St. Didier and Chamonix can be operated, says the New York Post. The Val d'Aosta railway now has an extension to St. Didier, while there is a branch of the Paris, Lyons and Mediterranean line which is carried into the Chamonix valley. The plan has been proposed by an Italian engineer, M. Cedale, and it is said that of the 10 kilometers of connecting line there would be 13 kilometers of tunnel with a maximum elevation of 1,000 meters. It is proposed to employ the water power found on the other side of the mountains in abundance to generate electricity to operate the line.

At the Century's End.

Daughter and unmarried sister and friend. The year was, and with that the hundred years. Few on the brow the centuries descend: On mine the frost and sunlight, triumph, tears, leave trace of many. Look! What silvered locks! Mine with gold under my diadem, While the fair brows, unnumbered by all shocks, Shine bright with great light, faster then, Shine bright with great light, faster then, I send the motherly kiss and benison. Love me or love me not, hap what may hap. My pride and prayers watch thy bright course: Learn: Show dost uphold the lessons learned from me and speakst my Shakespeare's speech. God go with thee!

COLUMBIA TO SPAIN.
Mother, I send thee back to thee By subtle wire than whatsoe'er flies Thy shores and mine beneath the evening star. The bond of blood, of kindred flesh that ties Me to my check at this thy salutation. I have been self-willed; I shall be again, But thine to me is not another nation. My race, not want to bond, today I sail To make thee country for all time again. For that same reason I sail in thine hair, For all thy former wrongs, slanders, aches, God go with thee! If thy love too much dare, I think we shall be more to be kept asunder. Then two great clouds in heaven that hold the shadow.

—Dr. Edwin Arnold in Independent.

OTEY'S TOBACCO SPEECH.

His Eulogy of the Weed Applauded by Smokers and Chewers.

It is not often that The Congressional Record contains such a unique contribution to literature as the speech which Representative Otey of Virginia delivered in the house on tobacco. Mr. Otey represents the Lynchburg district, in the tobacco growing section of his state, and his eulogy of the weed ought to keep him in congress for the remainder of his days, says the Washington Post. He is the especial advocate of a bill to allow a larger ration of tobacco to the soldiers in the army, and it was in advocacy of this measure that he delivered his speech.

"It is a fact," asserted Mr. Otey, "that there is no solace in camp life or on shipboard like the pipe, and nothing staves off hunger and thirst like the chew of tobacco." All the smokers and chewers in the house applauded this assertion; and then Mr. Otey went back to ancient history. He showed how, from its earliest discovery, tobacco has been considered a curative. He quoted an old practitioner of "physic" who recommended tobacco in 1610 and recalled the words of Harriet, who was one of Sir Walter Raleigh's expedition in 1584 and who said that tobacco was a notable preserver of health. He quoted some lines in praise of tobacco from Spenser's "Faerie Queene" and was especially applauded when he cited the case of a man who could not breathe and whose physician "directed him to take tobacco in fume, and little by little he recovered his former strength."

There was great attention in the house as Mr. Otey recited the chemical analysis of tobacco, with humorous comments on chloride of potassium, nicotinic acid, silica and tannic matter. The narration of the eulogy on tobacco is worth quoting. "This nation," said Mr. Otey, referring to the soldier, "expresses only with his pipe, his soul is saturated with enthusiasm, his memory is on the wing and runs back with lightning quickness to the battles fought and victories won, but he will recall that the cotton of tobacco picked from his mind a record sorrow and with this sweet oblivion he cleansed the bosom of his native soil that weighed upon his heart."

MOSQUITO INOCULATION.

Heroism Displayed by Medical Investigation in Cuba.

A remarkable example of nerve and self-sacrifice has been exhibited in the experiments that are being conducted with mosquito inoculation by the army surgeons in Cuba, says the Chicago Record. "There has been no doubt in the medical profession for several years that yellow fever could be communicated by flies, mosquitoes and other insects, and it has recently been discovered that inoculation can be used to protect people from yellow fever just as smallpox can be prevented by vaccination. The matter is still in an experimental stage and has not yet reached that development under which medical men generally can safely pass it."

In order to accomplish practical ends and ascertain how the discovery could best be utilized for the human welfare in countries subject to yellow fever epidemics Dr. Jesse W. Lazzar and Dr. James A. Carroll, assistant surgeons of the United States army, offered their lives. It was quite as heroic as the act of Hobson in sinking the Merrimack to obstruct the channel of Santiago harbor, but comparatively few people will ever hear of their heroism. They fed mosquitoes upon the bodies of yellow fever patients in the hospital at Havana and then deliberately allowed these mosquitoes to attack their arms. The infection of both was promptly discovered, and they were treated with all the skill and care that their associates could devise, while the study of their symptoms and the course of the disease was carefully observed. Dr. Lazzar died, but Dr. Carroll survived, and his report is one of the most important contributions to the vast literature concerning contagious diseases.

Sunkrant For Soldiers.

Sunkrant is to be added to the bill of fare of the United States soldiers now on duty in the Philippines. Bids will soon be received by Major W. L. Alexander, purchasing commissary officer of the department of the lakes, for supplying Uncle Sam's troops stationed in and about Manila with 20,000 gallons of sunkrant, and it will be shipped from Chicago early in January, says the New York Sun. With it there will be sent 50,000 two pound cans of most beef, 60,043 pounds of bacon and 62,500 pounds of ham.

A Souvenir of the War.

An amusing souvenir of Anglo-Bosnian war is being preserved by one of the residents of Bochni, where people are not allowed to sleep in the town, but only in certain buildings that are properly guarded by night, says The South African News. One gentleman, wishing for a particular reason to sleep at home one night, was furnished with a special pass to the effect that "Mr. has permission to sleep in his own house tonight."

They Could Not Comprehend.
It is remarkable that the Boer war should have continued so long after Bobb's 41 proclamations, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. There are many Boers who can read English, and doubtless many of these manifestoes were printed in Dutch.

Taking an Unfair Advantage.
The Sultan of Turkey presented a large number of cigarettes to the crew of the Kentucky. This mode of attack, says the Washington Star, is characteristically insidious and oriental.

WATER HYACINTH WAR.

Experiment Being Made to Free Louisiana's Clogged Streams.

NOVEL SCHEME OF MAJOR ADAMS.

Dredge Invented by Him Is Trying to Eradicate the Hyacinth—The Fast Growing Weed in Spite of Efforts to Check Its Important Industries Threatened by the Plant.

The United States engineers have begun another attempt to clear the water hyacinth out of the streams of Louisiana and Florida and hope to accomplish something during the winter months, when the plant, which is of tropical origin, grows slowly, writes the New Orleans correspondent of the New York Sun. Up to the present time the evil has been growing steadily worse. Hundreds of skiffs and small vessels have been caught by the water hyacinths and are unable to get out of the streams in which they were used and are now rotting away. The drainage canals of New Orleans are damaged up, and the drainage system of the city is imperiled. The logging industry of southern Louisiana, worth several millions a year, is in danger of destruction unless some means can be found of removing the dense mass of water plants that obstruct the passage of logs to the sawmills.

In vain have the United States courts, local authorities and private citizens worked to get rid of the water hyacinth. It has grown faster than they could remove it—indeed, through ignorance of the character of the plant, the efforts to get rid of the pest have actually extended it. It propagates itself by division. Consequently when a barge or boat pushes into it and sets about destroying the plant by cutting and slashing it it is really scattering the seed in all directions. The same plant sinks to the bottom of a stream and comes to the surface again and starts growing with great rapidity.

The duck hunters and fishermen who visit the swamps on the Gulf coast to hunt for fish made the experiment of dragging out the growing hyacinths, drying and burning them. Several clubs which have hunting and fishing lodges in the neighborhood of the city employed large forces of negroes in the work. The plan of destruction seems safe enough, and the only defect is that it does not provide sufficiently for the rapid growth of the plant. In one case where the experiment was made the aquatic plant gained so on the negroes removing it that the swamps around the clubhouse are now covered with water hyacinths, with their roots interwoven and piled so high upon one another that they will easily bear the weight of a man.

The police juries or county commissioners of Terrebonne, St. Mary and other parishes tried their hands at fighting the pest. They made appropriations for the purpose and passed stringent laws which aimed to protect these streams yet free from hyacinth by booming them so that as to prevent the floating bolls from getting into them. The plan has been only a partial success. Into some of the protected streams the little bolls found their way either attached to the sides of vessels, or floating in some mysterious manner. Some of the streams have escaped, it is true, but this is attributed to the fact that they are fed by mineral springs. These cases of freedom from the hyacinth seem to be due rather to the minerals contained in the water than to any human agency.

It was when local efforts failed that congress was appealed to and asked to assist and an appropriation was voted to be used by the United States engineers in experiments to determine if the water hyacinth cannot be got rid of by some mechanical process. Major Quinn, who had charge of the engineering district, designed a hyacinth mill which he thought would kill the hyacinth, seed bolls and all, by the process of crushing, but it did not work well. Major Adams, who has taken up the hyacinth war where Major Quinn left off, has constructed a machine or dredge which it is believed will be effective. The machine started out a few days ago on an expedition against the hyacinths and is now busily engaged in grinding them. No report has yet been received as to the success of the expedition, and it is not improbable that its failure or success will be in doubt until spring.

The machine is mounted upon a flat bottomed, stern wheeled boat of very light draft. It is like a dredge except that a long boom extends forward 30 or 40 feet in front of the bow. It is simply a framework fitted with an endless belt of wooden slats studded with spikes. This traveler extends into the water in front of the vessel and when set in motion the spikes catch the masses of hyacinths and drag them up to the vessel, depositing them in an immense dipper. From this the plant is cut up and crushed to a fine pulp. With the water completely wrung from it by the pressure of the mill, it is sufficiently dry, like bagasse, to burn. The only doubtful part of the experiment is whether the machine will carefully remove the hyacinth from a stream. If any seed is left behind, it will begin propagating itself at once, and the work will have to be all done over again. Unless, therefore, the new apparatus exterminates the water hyacinth it will be simply keeping down the evil. The work will have to be kept up for all time, and congress will be called on for an annual appropriation to fight water hyacinths.

STABBED TO DEATH.

A Fire Caused a Murder and it May Result in a Lynching.

Johnstown, Pa., Dec. 29.—Fire suspected Richie of incendiarism, this morning destroyed property worth \$30,000 and resulted in murder. M. closed with Battello and the latter stabbed him to death. Battello is Italy. The store caught fire and locked up and a lynching is threatened by the indignant populace.

Edward Collier, the Actor, is Dead.

New York, Dec. 29.—Edmund Collier, the veteran actor, died yesterday of consumption at St. Joseph's hospital in reduced circumstances. For years in-law of the late Bartley Campbell.

May Cost Uncle Sam Seven Millions.

Washington, Dec. 29.—It is authoritatively stated that Minister Swenson has made an offer for the United States for the purchase of the Danish West Indies from Denmark. The state department announces it is willing to sell and wants \$7,000,000. The United States is willing to pay half that amount.

Matrimonial Agency Swindle Exploded.

Milwaukee, Dec. 29.—Hach and Emma Butcher have been arrested here on the charge of operating a new form of matrimonial agency swindle. The woman is accused of impersonating all of the wealthy beauties who wanted husbands and he the rich bachelors who wanted wives. They have been found who claim they were engaged to Miss Butcher and gave her diamond rings. It is said the couple found victims in all parts of the country.

HANGED FOR ARSON.

New York, Dec. 29.—Alfonso Gombosi, a native of Porto Rico, who has been detained at Ellis Island as a pauper alien, was allowed to depart with the question of his citizenship still undetermined. After waiting two days in the hope that the treasury department would make a ruling in the case, help came to the puzzled immigration officials from an unexpected source. A philanthropic woman agreed to become responsible for the man's maintenance.

Dive Hoppers Indicted.
Chicago, Dec. 29.—Keepers of 14 "dives" and gambling houses were indicted by the grand jury as the result of the inquiry into crime, and vice in Chicago. The work will be continued. Of the 14 indictments, four were against the alleged keepers of gambling houses and 10 against the proprietors of basement and other resorts on the charge of conducting disorderly places. One state senator and David Levinson, ex-city detective, were among those hit by the first batch of indictments.

Settlement Expected.
Scranton, Pa., Dec. 29.—A conference was held between Timothy Burke, a local director of the Scranton Railway company, and a committee of the striking employees. The proceedings were not divulged further than it was promised by Mr. Burke that a proposition for settlement would likely be forthcoming soon. Thirteen cars were taken out of the barn, but only five or six of them were run at any one time.

Tanney a Candidate.
St. Paul, Dec. 29.—Congressman J. A. Tanney of Wisconsin formally entered the race for United States senator to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator C. K. Davis. A meeting of the Republican members of the legislature of the First Congressional district, which is Mr. Tanney's home district, was held in this city, and unanimously endorsed the congressman and pledged him the support of their delegations.

Councilmen Acquitted.
Cleveland, Dec. 29.—The city council, with only 13 of the 20 members present, finished the trial of the members accused of accepting bribes. With no prosecutor present the cases of D. B. Steurer, A. W. Henry and Lane Purdy were taken up. Within 15 minutes all were found not guilty of the charges preferred against them.

Succeeds Auditor Morris.
Cleveland, Dec. 29.—Frederick E. Rittman of this city has accepted the position of fourth auditor of the treasury department tendered him by the president, to succeed Frank H. Morris, deceased. Mr. Rittman was formerly cashier of the National Bank of Commerce here.

STEAMSHIP LAUNCHED.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—The first of the Northwestern Steamship Company's four steel ocean going vessels was launched at South Chicago this morning. The vessel with its three companions will ply between Chicago, Liverpool and Hamburg. The four vessels will cost \$1,000,000.

STRINGING THE OFFICER.

St. Joe, Mo., Dec. 29.—Detective Fulk received a letter today, dated on a Burlington train and purporting to come from Pat Cove, saying he was having the time of his life, giving his prospective address and asking Fulk to write soon.

Wanted for Arson.

Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 29.—Gentle Foster, a negro, was indicted for arson, Porty county. He was charged with burning the barn of Dennis D. White, Foster was being taken to the county jail. Foster had a bad reputation and was more than once a convict.

Dewett's Position.
Cape Town, Dec. 29.—General Dewett's attempt to break through the south has been frustrated, and he is now reported to be at Senekel with large commands, holding the country between Pekaiburg, Senekel and Waburg. General Knox is holding the country between Ladysmith and Waburg. The eastern parts of Natal, Boers are being constantly harassed and driven back toward the Orange river. The rearmy who were situated near Ladysmith have been released.

Walderser's Dispatch.
Berlin, Dec. 29.—The war office received the following dispatch from Count Walderser, dated at Peking, a column commanded by Major von Madi started for San Ho Hsien to cooperate with the Gruecher expedition, which left Tien Tsin Dec. 19 for Tien Tsin. An American detachment will leave Peking via Hsiao Ho Hsien with the same object. The Chinese, who were defeated by the French Dec. 22, fled in a southerly direction.

Struck For More Money.
Louisville, Dec. 29.—At the steamship plant of the Continental Tobacco company nearly 1,700 employees went on a strike. The employees want increased wages, and besides object to various restrictive rules that have been made by a new superintendent. One employee was arrested by the police on the charge of disorderly conduct. After sending to the managers of the plant a statement of their demands, the strikers dispersed.

Amerites Responsible.
Berlin, Dec. 29.—The Berlin Society of Merchants, in the course of its annual report, says: "The first impulse to a reversal of the tide of prosperity proceeded from the United States. Unfavorable reports about the iron markets came from beyond the Atlantic in the spring. The spectre of American competition in European markets produced immediately a disastrous effect upon the course."

Major Botha's Prediction.
Rome, Dec. 29.—Major Grover Botha, brother of Commandant General Louis Botha, has arrived in Rome on his way to The Hague. He carries dispatches for Mr. Kruger. In the course of an interview he said the war in South Africa would last for years, that Mr. Steyn had planned the invasion of Cape Colony, and that a revolt of the Afrikaners was certain.

Hazing at West Point.
West Point, N. Y., Dec. 29.—The taking of testimony by military court of inquiry in regard to the death of former cadet Oscar L. Booz will be finished at the West Point military academy this afternoon. Testimony was brought out to the effect that cadets had been hazed to a degree of exhaustion. The victims mentioned particularly were cadets MacArthur and Haskell. Cadet U. S. Grant told of the ordeals through which he was put as a fourth-class man. He said he felt no ill effects from the treatment afterward.

DRY

Season Effects the
Railroads.

A Water Train

Makes Two Trips Daily
to Deshler

To Supply Steam for the
C. H. & D. and B. & O.
Engines.

Pennsylvania Will Test the Quality
of Locust Posts for Ties—
New Double Track is
Opened.

The C. H. & D. railroad has a daily expense account added to the operation of this division owing again to the exhaustion of water from the reservoir at Deshler. There is in operation between that point and Toledo a water train which makes two trips a day, and is composed of a long string of oil tanks. The water train arrives at Deshler and dumps its contents in the reservoir, from where it is in turn pumped into the tank and left for the engines to take such supply as is needed. According to one of the local officials 140,000 gallons of water are brought from Toledo to Deshler every day and until a copious rain fall the water train will be indispensable. The B. & O. road gets its water from the same reservoir and the two companies divide the expense incurred.

WILL TEST LOCUST TIES.
The Pennsylvania railroad will experiment with locust ties. They have ordered 1,200 ties of locust wood for the Bedford division, their object being to test the durability of this kind of wood. It has been known for years that a locust fence post made from three times as long as a post made from oak or chestnut. The locust tree matures rapidly, and if it is found that locust ties will last long enough to justify the expense, vast tracts of barren mountain land may be planted with the young trees to provide ties for the future. The managers of the big railroads realize that the oak forests will be denuded before the year is out, and that unless a steel tie can be provided to meet all the requirements, the matter of obtaining timber for ties will be one of the most serious of problems.

NOTES.
W. H. Hamer of this city has succeeded Taylor Fauder as night operator for the C. H. & D. at Sidney, Fauder taking his former position as baggage master.

At 11 o'clock yesterday morning the Pennsylvania put three more miles of second track into service. The new track lies between Ada and Patterson.

On account of the postponed at Columbus, January 1st, 1901, the Pennsylvania company will sell excursion tickets at \$1.50 for round trip, good only on special train leaving Lima at 3:30 p. m., December 31, 1900; returning, leave Columbus at close of Histedford New Year's night. For particulars call at I. R. Langworth's office or Pennsylvania ticket office.

F. M. BIRAN.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National bank of Lima, for the election of board of directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking rooms Tuesday, January 8th, 1901, at 3:30 o'clock p. m. By order of board of directors.

C. D. CRITES, Cashier.

NOTICE.
Ladies of Allen Hive, No. 197, L. O. T. M., There will be no meeting till Jan. 7, 1901. Business of importance.

By order of
LADY COMMANDER.

WOOD AND COAL
The best Coal for your money. Call on John Thomas, room 3, Collins block. Telephone 367 and 9.

LIMA BUSINESS COLLEGE
Pena Jan. 2 3-41

MATTHEWS

Anxious for a Go With
Dan Bayliff.

Regrets the Cancellation of
the Date

And Wants to Get Even for Money
Spent in Training—Bayliff
Willing for a Go
With Him.

John Matthews, who established a reputation as a ring general through his good showing with Joe Choyinski at Dayton, writes a letter to the TIMES-DEMOCRAT in which he seeks to open negotiations with Dan Bayliff for a match in the near future. He displays some disappointment on account of the former date being cancelled and has the following to say about it:

DAYTON, O. Dec. 27.
The Lima Athletic club having postponed my boxing contest with Dan Bayliff, of your city, which was to have taken place December 25th, and as I have heard nothing direct from the club yet, I would like to have the club to book me and set an early date. I will meet Bayliff, or anybody they can get, if Dan don't like my game. They all look alike to me. I am ready to post a forfeit any time, and as the club approves the same, I can only figure it out one way, and that is that Dan is at fault. If such is the case the club can get somebody else, I suppose, as I am only a man and only weigh 155 pounds. If the club wants me, as they said, I suggest they get their date set and make arrangements, and then if Bayliff won't agree to meet me, let the club get another man and sign articles. I will do the same and send on my forfeit at once. I think I am entitled to a match there as they kept me training, and it cost me \$20 or \$25, and I would like a chance to even up. Dan, or anybody else will do me with up to date articles. I will guarantee to be in shape and do my best any time I go, and if I lose, the other man will know he has been tangled up a while with a live wire.

Yours truly,
JOHN MATTHEWS.
The above letter was submitted to the proper parties, and the declaration was made that the date was cancelled because the time was too short to advertise it properly. Bayliff is willing to meet Matthews, but just now the club has another proposition on hand which may be brought to a head within a couple of weeks, and then arrangements for a go between Bayliff and Matthews will be entered into.

TOMORROW
The funeral of William Baker will be held.

The funeral of William Baker, the well known cigar maker, an account of whose death was published day before yesterday, will be held from the German Reformed church at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Interment will be made in Woodlawn cemetery.

NOTICE L. O. T. M.
The ladies of Allen Hive No. 197, L. O. T. M., will meet this evening at 7:30 in the Doone hall. Business of importance. All are requested to be present. By order of
LADY COMMANDER.

LAST WEEK
In September the Date Has
Been Set

For the Holding of the Allen County
Fair Next Year—Officers Were
Elected Yesterday.

The Agricultural society of Allen county, held a meeting yesterday at the court house and talked over the prospects of another season. Everything looks bright for the next exhibit and with the increased attendance and interest the Lima fair is sure to grow into proportions that will meet the demands of the most exacting.

During the afternoon officers were elected as follows: Wm. Russell, president; T. B. Bowersock, secretary; Dr. Blattenberg, assistant secretary and Geo. Fetter, treasurer.

NOTICE.
All groceries and meat markets will remain open Monday evening to accommodate their customers, but will close all day New Year's Day.
Z. A. CRASON, Pres.

GOOD

Catch Made by Two
Officers.

A Bold Thief

Run Down by Wingate
and Armstrong.

Was Trying to Dispose of a
Stolen Coat When He
Was Apprehended.

Goes to Toledo—Serve a Term for
Petit Larceny—Cases Disposed
of in Police Court This
Morning.

Last night between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock, a young colored man, who gives his name as Ora Manley entered the Hetrick block on west Market street and finding his way to the porch in rear of the third floor, he stole from a clothes line, an Astrakhan jacket belonging to Mrs. S. M. Robb, who occupies rooms in the building. He took the coat to Atkinson's second hand store to sell it, but finding the place closed, he went into D. W. Ward's restaurant to learn where Mr. Atkinson lived. Mr. Ward directed him to the house on south Union street, and then telephoned to the police. Lieut. Wingate and officer Armstrong found the fellow on Atkinson's porch and when they accosted him he threw the coat into Armstrong's face and started to run. The officers chased him through alleys, yards and shrubbery for some time and fired several shots but failed to stop him until they finally cornered him in the rear of the Blosser residence on west Elm street. This morning he pleaded guilty to a charge of petit larceny and Mayor McComb sentenced him to a fine of \$10 and costs and to twenty days imprisonment in the Toledo workhouse.

OTHER VICTIMS.
Two young sports who registered as H. E. Quinn and C. Ryan were locked up last evening for drunkenness and today were committed to the city workhouse in default of \$5.00 each.

Herb Brown, John Richardson, George Morris, H. D. Evans and Harry Reynolds, all strangers, who were locked up on suspicion, were released this morning.

Ed Manger, Fred Moore and James Flaherty, arrested on suspicion, are still prisoners.

Tom Parcell and Mickey Ford are both guests at the police station charged with attempting to rob Grant Stephens' chicken coop. They have not yet been arraigned.

IMPROVING
Is Mrs. Freeman Reed, Who Was
Injured Tuesday.

Mrs. Freeman Reed, of south Elizabeth street, whose buggy was struck by an L. E. & W. engine last Tuesday and who sustained a fracture of the left clavicle bone, is improving rapidly and no serious results of her injuries are anticipated.

INFANT SON
Of Mr. and Mrs. William Smith
Died Last Night.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. William Smith, of 715 south Union street, died last night from pneumonia, aged 1 month and 28 days. Funeral services will be held at the residence at 10 o'clock Monday morning. Interment will be made in Woodlawn cemetery.

TWO PIANOS
Go at a Single Sale From Porter &
Son's Popular Store.

Yesterday, Porter & Son, the ever popular piano dealer, disposed of two handsome pianos in a single deal. The reputation of this firm and the line of pianos that they handle is so well established that pianos are sold by them just as potatoes are sold by a grocer. "Quick sales and small profits." Yesterday Mrs. D. P. McCarthy and her sister, Mrs. William Quinn each purchased a handsome Harvard piano in Walnut case.

THE IDLER.

L. O. Ward, formerly of the opera house orchestra here, and now of Kenton, was in the city last night en route to Delphos.

At the eleventh annual meeting of the Ohio State Board of Health which will be held in Columbus on January 17th and 18th, health officer, Dr. L. F. Landick, of this city, will read a paper on "Ward's Guarantied in Diphtheria: How, and How Long."

There will be a meeting of the N. A. S. E. at the court house Sunday morning at 9:30. Initiation of members and election of officers.

C. F. DONER, Sec.
The friends of the late William Baker wish it stated that the deceased cigarmaker was employed at Vandenberg's factory, and not at Deisel & Co.'s as heretofore published.

This evening the members of the local branch of the Theosophical Society will meet at the home of T. M. Latham, 618 west High street. The meeting will be for members only and an address will be delivered by Mr. F. E. Titus.

Brother Charles Benke, the financial secretary, being seriously sick with hemorrhage of the bowels, all members of Court Lima I. O. F. will pay their dues to the treasurer, brother John Mitchell, 521 south Elizabeth street, on or before December 31, 1900.

THIS IS WHAT THEY SAY.

Those who take Hood's Sarsaparilla for scurvy, eczema, eruptions, catarrh, rheumatism or dyspepsia, say it cures promptly and permanently, even after all other preparations fail. You may take this medicine with the utmost confidence that it will do you good. What it has done for others you have every reason to believe it will do for you.

Constipation is cured by Hood's Pills. 25c.

GEE WHIZ!

Keep On a Comin' While the
Good News Lasts.

Lima Oil Goes Up Two Cents and
the Eastern Stuff Increases Four
Cents Per Barrel.

The Standard Oil Co. certainly is in need of crude oil and plenty of it. There was another advance in the price of Lima and Indiana oil going up two cents and the price of Eastern oil increasing four cents on the barrel. The market quotations are now as follows:

Tiona \$1.34
Pennsylvania 1.20
Barnesville 1.20
Corning 1.03
New Castle95
North Lima87
South Lima82
Indiana82

"The course of the oil market in the closing days of the dying century is quite encouraging," says the oil editor on the Toledo Times. "Yesterday another step upward was taken but in this it was a little short. This market got two cents while that of the east got three. Small favors are always received with thanks and the larger ones with not only thanks, but a salutation. The thanks for this, the salutation for the next it is hoped."

"The month's business should close with a favorable reduction of stocks and with the excessive drilling and large wells of the past three months in the east, if the production could not be kept equal to the demand, what may be expected with all the prospectively rich territory out of the way? But it might be well for this trade to keep its shirt on. It will not help the thing to get excited because there has been an advance of a few cents. The like has occurred on frequent occasions before. A new well in some out of the way locality now might lead to results that would not be so pleasant. Operators in some instances already begin to talk "dollar oil." That is quite a distance off. We will talk about it perhaps at some future day.

"The latest from the fields everywhere is fairly encouraging. Sand Fork has another well in the Gordon sand and reported quite favorable. This is No. 3 Turner. The top of the Gordon exhibited a heavy gas pressure. It may not be so very heavy as an oil producer, however.

Salt rheum, with its burning, stinging sensation, is due to poor blood and is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

OPEN

House Greets the
New Year.

All Day Along

Hospitality Will be on
Top of Lima.

Visitors Will Have an Op-
portunity to Inspect the
New Masonic Temple.

Elks Will Have a Stag Affair and
the Matinee Driving Club Will
Receive Guests in the
Evening.

There will be numerous and various attractions open to the public on New Year's day in Lima, an added interest attaching itself to the general good feeling for the reason that not only an old year but an old century makes its exit. The holiday season has been one of unusual festivity, socially and otherwise, and the new century is likely to be welcomed in with all the eclat that a prosperous and congenial community can muster.

Many "open houses" offer their hospitality to the people and in each instance preparations have been made to entertain in an elaborate manner. Programs of unusual merit, refreshments that appeal to the thirst and appetite and the warm exchanges of friendships and brotherly feelings are sure to make the day enjoyable to all tastes and sentiments.

There is a local pride in the majestic structure that surmounts the old site opposite the government building, and the energetic labors of architects and laborers have brought to a point of completion that invites general inspection. On New Year's day the hatch string will be found hanging on the outside, and at one o'clock there will be a committee present to take charge of visitors and direct them how to feel perfectly at home among the new surroundings.

From 2:30 until 6, the Elk lodge room will invite the presence of members and friends. It will be a stag reception, pure and simple, and the boys are expected to drop in during the day, or subject themselves to one of those frequent fines so easy to assess but so hard to collect. Refreshments will be served and the inviting quarters will be open to the gentleman who wish to spend a pleasant hour.

The Lima matinee club, which is just growing to be a lusty infant, so far as local organizations are concerned, will keep open house at "Your Uncle Aaron Fisher's" barn, 123 west Spring street on New Year's evening. The club has issued invitations to its members, all of whom are directed to notify their friends that their presence is welcome. While not a promiscuous affair, the club wishes to entertain in a fashion that will convince anyone who may wish to offer their support that the matinee driving club is an established feature with a promising growth. Next year the organization will take on new life and vigor that will soon establish it as one of the best clubs in the state.

The Y. M. C. A. has an elaborate program which will take up an entire day. Full details of the event can be learned by reference to the Times-Democrat of yesterday. All friends of the association are invited and there will be plenty to amuse, entertain and instruct. The Ladies' Auxiliary has charge of the refreshments.

The following notice was picked up on the streets today, and as no one has been found to interpret it, space is given in the hope that some one who can speak the language may make it clear:

"When the clock strikes eight on the last day of the last month of the last year of the dying century; the tallow dips will be lighted, the ladder let down and the crane swung out that all true Princes of the Orient may gather in the loft of Ursa Council, No. 101. Grand Orient Bowersox, from Springfield's Mills, has positively agreed to be here. Schindewolf, with his new poem of fourteen stanzas (harrangue stale eggs and rotten cabbage) will do his turn. Princes, this will be a great night. Instead of the conventional toga of our order, each Prince is requested to clothe himself in the garb best representing his mispent life. The properties are all new, and the ritual has been revised;

Our Monday Special

Men's Heavy Merino Un-
wear at

17 a Piece.

All sizes in Shirts and Drawers.



This is a snap for anyone who is looking for good Underwear.

and if you miss this year, you may never be able to climb the ladder again. No one will be admitted except a Prince of the Orient, a male of the human race and a man. Again let us remind you that the date is December 31st, 1900, at 8 p. m. Non-attendance will bring a fine of \$5 with Sheriff Bogart at the other end of the writ. Come!

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. O. W. Reed, of Marysville, O., is visiting his brother, Rev. L. C. Reed, pastor of the U. B. Church of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Henry, of Weston, O., are the guests of their brother, Samuel Hoyer 420 south Pine street.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Dreisbach, of Toledo, were guests of the New Cambridge house, yesterday, en route on their wedding trip to Cincinnati and points in Kentucky.

Mrs. M. E. Boyseil, of south Main street, is entertaining her sister, Mrs. M. J. Milner and her cousin, Mrs. Lulu Huff, of near Greenfield, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Omer Spencer, of Pemberton, Ohio, are spending the holidays with friends in this city.

Mrs. George Hoeftner and daughter have returned to their home in Dayton, after a pleasant visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Custy, of St. Johns avenue.

Mrs. George Marth and daughter, of Delphos are the guests of her mother, Mrs. Meyers, of north Elizabeth street.

Miss Julia Slenker, of West Mansfield, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. B. Young, of south Central avenue.

Miss Nellie Young, of Booneville Mo., is the guest of Mrs. Geo. Holland, of west Wayne street.

Chris. Maurer and family, of east Kibby street, were the guests during the past week of relatives and friends at Kettleville, Ohio.

Gust Ketter is visiting his parents at Kettleville, Ohio.

Dr. and Mrs. VanNote went to Cincinnati this afternoon to spend a few days.

Miss Margaret Dunn, who has been employed in a millinery store at New Bremen, is home for the winter.

Mrs. M. O'Brien, of Ft. Wayne, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Daley, of north West street.

Mail carrier Fred Herold and wife left yesterday for New Orleans for the benefit of Mrs. Herold's health. They will be gone all winter.

Mrs. James and son Leo, of Marion, O., and Frank Shaw, of Huntington, Ind., are the guests of Thos. Claybaugh and family, of 512 north Jackson street.

Mrs. J. R. Shea and son Walter, of Findlay, were the guests today of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Dimond, of west "McKibben street."

Mrs. B. E. Lawrence, of east Wayne street, returned home today from Bryant, Ind., where she has been the guest of friends for the past week.

Misses Anna Montanus and Anna Ennessey, of Sidney, are the guests of friends in this city.

Bartholomew Shine, a retired business man of Cleveland, and well known in Lima back in the fifties, is visiting his brother, Jerome Shine, of north Main street.

George S. Mills
Architect
Toledo and Lima
Charles W. Dawson
Representative
305 Masonic Temple, Lima

Shoes. Shoes.
Great Reduction.
Reliable makes only.
THE GLOBE,
32 N. Main St.
2 doors south of Wat-
son's grocery.
Clothing and
Footwear.
Ask for the writing
tablet free with sale.
Shoes. Shoes.
Great Reduction.

Faurot Opera House,
Monday, Dec. 31.
Mr. Howard Gould

Rupert of Hentzau
The Dane Frohman
Production.

Presented by special arrangement.
Complete in its magnificent entirety.
Seats on sale Friday.
Prices—\$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c.

WANTED.
CAPABLE—Active men to manage branch, mercantile, old established house, well developed line. Chance for future advancement. Salary \$125 a month; extra commissions. Must furnish \$800 cash and first-class references. Manager, Drawer 74, New Haven, Conn. 48-261

WANTED—A good reliable man to take charge of our business in Allen Co. Salary and expenses paid. No. 10 Jersey Nurseries, Springfield, N. J. 5-11

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—Managers and assistant managers for our new store, who are willing to invest, with services. The Kugler Syndicate of strictly 5 and 10 cent stores, 225 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework, good wages paid. Apply at once at 618 east Market street. 31

WANTED—Two young men with business ability, between 24 and 30 years of age, to accept a paying position on the road. No canvassing. None other than perfect gentlemen need apply. Inquire of L. H. Manila, Hotel French.

Was Not Kidnaped.
Fort Dodge, Ia., Dec. 29.—Johnnie Tomhose, the 8-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Lew Tomhose of Judd, Ia., who was supposed to have been kidnaped 10 days ago, was found hiding in a hay loft. The boy had lived on vegetables which he had taken from the cellar. His feet and legs were frost-bitten.

Pettigrew's Successor.
Stous Falls, S. D., Dec. 29.—Congressman Robert J. Gamble of Yankton will be practically the unanimous choice of the Republican members of the legislature for United States senator to succeed Senator Pettigrew, whose term expires March 4.

Bevel Gears and Chains!

BEVEL GEARS do not clog, break, catch things nor need frequent cleaning and adjustment. They always run the same.

The CHAIN needs more attention. It will run well if properly cared for.

COLUMBIA, HARTFORD, STORMER and PENNANT BICYCLES

Represent the highest standards of both chainless and chain-driven types.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET "OUTINGS."

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F. E. HARMAN, Agent Lima, O.

WINE OF CARDUI

How a Woman Suffers.

Howell, Ind., Nov. 23.
I will always praise Wine of Cardui. It has done me more good than all the medicines I have ever taken in my life. Please send a book about female diseases to the ladies whose names I enclose.

Mrs. MINNIE STOKES, CHILL.

Wine of Cardui

It isn't necessary for a woman to give particulars. When she says she has "female troubles", other women know what that means. It means days and nights of endless suffering. It means headaches which no tongue can describe. It means that terrible bearing and dragging down in the lower abdomen. It means agonizing backache, and shoulder ache, and arm ache, and aches in the lower limbs. It means nerves on edge—the blues—depression and loss of hope. It means debilitating drains that the doctors call leucorrhoea. It means martyrdom—sometimes even death seems preferable. And still Wine of Cardui will utterly put those diseases and pains to rout. It has cured thousands of cases when nothing else on earth would. To the budding woman, to the bride, to the wife, to the expectant mother, to those going through the Change of Life, this Vegetable Wine is a blessing.

Druggists Sell Large Bottles for \$1.00.

WINE OF CARDUI

HOMEMADE PHILOSOPHY.

Finnickey Finnukin, in Pennsylvania Grit.

Deep wotter iz dum. So iz a hull lot ov ower deep men.

The weary mind orize fur sleep, list the same az the sick body orize fur deth.

Sum menze mouths never cease to naw until there good fortune iz awl et up.

Wen yoo have the choice ov swollin in two pectickel lize, hav the good sense to swollin nun.

It iz better too acknize the world ov insincerity than too trust her too far and git it in the neck.

Humbug and frod are allerze tarhin a new side too the world, and sayin: "Now haunt this better?"

Sum wimmin git married too git a home, and sum men git married in order to secure a cheep cook.

The hungry sheep will raze a poor variety ov woot, just the same az the glutton will raze a poor variety ov wottryoo.

The reason sum peepol don't empty there purse into there hed, iz becaws a dollar looks bigger to them than there hed.

The man hoo iz indifferent to wimmin—too there praise and approval—is a man too hoom the hull world soon bekums indifferent.

Thots cum and go in and out ov the head like beez. Sum use there sting, while othere leave only hunny and the smell ov flowers behint.

Infamashun will swell yooze hed, infamashun will enlarge it. The more infamashun yoo put in yooze hed, the greater the room fur more.

We may be abull to forgive ower enemies wen they are down, but list os shoore az they rize agin, up yooze ower old bitter feelin toris em.

The man hoo attempts to pleeze everybuddy iz too weak to make a enemy and too insignificant to make a friend. He mite as well be made ov wax.

The person who disturbed the congregation last Sunday by coughing, is requested to call on H. F. Vorkamp and get a bottle of Foley's Money and Tar. It always gives relief.

Hoke Smith Donates Libraries.

Hoke Smith of Atlanta, Ga., newspaper man and former member of President Cleveland's cabinet, has given traveling libraries to fourteen counties in Georgia. The books are intended for school children and are to make the circuit of the schools.

SPECIAL HOLIDAY RATES

Via Chicago & Erie Railroad.

For the above occasion the Chicago & Erie R. R. Co. will sell round trip tickets to all points in Central Passenger association territory at a very low rate. Selling dates December 23, 24, 25 and 31, 1900, and January 1, 1901. Good going only on date of sale. Good to return until January 2, 1901, inclusive. For rates, time of trains and any information call on F. C. McCoy, Agent.

WORLD'S CHAMPION.

"I tried many remedies to cure piles," writes W. R. Smith, of Latham, Ill., "but found no relief till I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve. I have not been troubled with piles since." It is the only champion pile cure on earth and the best salve in the world. 25 cents per box, guaranteed by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, cor. Main and North streets.

Princess Buried as Pauper.

The Princess Ludmilla Goroszewsky, once a famous Russian beauty, was buried recently at Budapest as a pauper. Although some of the nobles and wealthiest men in Russia were among the suitors for her hand, she eloped with a handsome Hungarian adventurer. He maltreated and deserted her and at the age of thirty, her beauty gone, she had become a street beggar in Budapest. She died the other day, aged forty, from hunger, cold and neglect. No one followed the pauper's coffin to the grave.

Bernhardt Supports Her Relatives.

The London Chronicle states that Sarah Bernhardt is devoted to her family, and that fully half of the millions she has earned has gone to support her relatives.

A KEEN CLEAR BRAIN.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depends largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, cor. Main and North streets.

WITH THE SAGES.

He who agrees with himself agrees with others.—Goethe.

Remember that what you believe will depend very much upon what you are.—Noah Porter.

In this world it is not what we take up, but what we give up, that makes us rich.—H. W. Beecher.

The lust of gold, unfeeling and remorseless, the last corruption of degenerate man.—Johnson.

There are glimpses of heaven to us in every act, or thought, or word, that raises us above ourselves.—A. P. Stanley.

We should accustom the mind to keep the best company by introducing it only to the best books.—Sidney Smith.

Let us be of good cheer, remembering that the misfortunes hardest to bear are those which never come.—J. R. Lowell.

The power of applying attention, steady and undissipated, to a single object, is the sure mark of a superior genius.—Chesterfield.

Have the courage to be ignorant of many things in order to avoid the calamity of being ignorant of everything.—Sidney Smith.

The mind of the bigot is like the pupil of the eye; the more light you pour upon it the more it will contract.—O. W. Holmes.

Few things are impracticable in themselves; and it is for want of application, rather than of means, that men fail of success.—Roucheffoucauld.

In an audience of rough people a generous sentiment always brings down the house. In the tumult of war both sides applaud a heroic deed.—T. W. Higginson.

To feel exquisitely is the lot of very many; but to appreciate belongs to the few. Only one or two, here and there, have the blended passion and understanding which, in its essence, constitutes worship.—C. A. Anderson.

The noblest charities, the best fruits of learning, the richest discoveries, the best institutions of law and justice, every greatest thing the world has seen, represents, more or less directly, the fruitfulness and creativeness of religion.—Horace Bushnell.

HOW TO CURE COUGHS.

Mr. R. Gray, who lives near Amenia, Dutchess county, N. Y., says: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best medicine I have ever used. It is a fine children's remedy for cough and never fails to cure." When given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the cough has been developed, it will prevent the attack. This should be borne in mind and a bottle of the Cough Remedy kept at hand ready for instant use as soon as these symptoms appear. For sale by all druggists.

Emperor's Letter Among Loot.

Among the loot at Peking that fell to the lot of a Russian officer was the decoration of the Order of the Black Eagle and the autograph letter from Emperor William which conferred the insignia upon the emperor of China.

To Raise Big Church Fund.

Rev. Dr. George L. Porin of Boston has been given a year's leave of absence from his church in that city for the purpose of raising a \$200,000 fund for the advancement of the Universalist church in America.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY, Notary Public.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 21st day of December, A. D. 1900.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Get testimony, its free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Cost of British Heroes.

Now that we are all thinking of heroes, it is interesting to note that heroes are sometimes very costly luxuries—though the heroism of the C. I. V. has been very cheaply purchased, says the London Chronicle. The duke of Marlborough cost the country something like a round million of money in cash and palaces. In 1707 a pension of £4,000 (\$20,000) a year was granted to the duke and was paid to his successors till seventeen years ago, when it was commuted for £107,780 (\$538,900). Nelson's heroism has been paid for at about the same rate. Up to now the hero of Trafalgar has cost England £580,000 (\$2,900,000) in pensions and grants and as there is £5,000 (\$25,000) a year waiting for all the Lord Nelsons forever and ever the Nelson bill will run up to \$500,000 for every century the title lasts. Up to now the duke of Wellington has cost the nation more in hard cash than Nelson, over £750,000 (\$3,750,000) having been paid to him and his descendants, but as the pension was limited to two generations the present duke is the last of his line who will profit by his ancestor's heroism.

Display Bush on House-top.

The display of a tree or bush on the summit of a house just erected is a sign of joy and thankfulness that the work is so near completion. Originally the bush was ivy, and it was displayed by innkeepers to indicate the assurance of good entertainment for guests. The ivy was sacred to Bacchus, and the booths in ancient fairs were dressed with ivy leaves on this account. The bush came, therefore, to be the emblem of festivity and the sign of joy, and it was nailed to the ridge pole or gable peak of a house in token of the rejoicing that the work had thus far been completed, and as a symbol of the good cheer always furnished in earlier days to the neighbors who gathered on the occasion and lent their strong arms to the raising of the heavy timbers.—New York Weekly.

Scared by the Biograph.

One of the features of an entertainment on a recent Sunday night in the Hudson county, New Jersey insane asylum for the benefit of the inmates was a biographic exhibition in which the picture of the empire state express was thrown upon a screen. As the swiftly moving train rounded a curve and apparently bore down on the gathering several lunatics screamed, jumped from their seats and tried to get out of the way. Dr. Charles King, superintendent of the asylum, made a little speech, in which he told his patients that they were in no danger of being run down by the express and greatly calmed their fears. The insane men and women gave a vote of thanks to the members of the Brooklyn Dramatic society, who were their chief entertainers.

Walls Made of Cannon Balls.

In some new bank buildings that are being erected in London it has been decided to trust neither police, private custodians nor safes. All walls connected with the money vaults are to have old-fashioned cannon balls loosely imbedded in them, the idea, of course, being that the rounded surfaces of the cannon balls will cause burglars' tools to slip and there will be no chance of picking the walls to pieces quickly enough for burglarious depredations.

DESERT THE FARM.

But as the Land Is Being Reclaimed, Desert Are Returning.

The Howard association has published an interesting leaflet entitled "Back to the Land—Denmark's Example." In that country there is an exodus of the population of the towns back to the land, says the London Truth. Partly by state aid and partly by private enterprise, 2,000 square miles of waste land have been reclaimed, and five-eighths of the national territory is possessed by small freeholders and peasants. Above a hundred people's high schools have been established, where peasantry and working classes of ages from 18 to 25 get board and education for 10 shillings per week. The Danish farmers have formed co-operative societies for the collection, sale and export of their produce. Danish university and college students have instituted throughout the rural districts free lectures, evening lessons and committees for promoting popular amusements. In almost every village a public hall has been erected for recreation and social gatherings. In villages where the high school has obtained influence neither drinking, gambling nor gross breaches of morals are to be met with; yet the villages are fond of games, dancing, sports and other recreations. And what is the result? Denmark has become the second country in the world in regard to average wealth per head, although there are very few rich men. She annually supplies the British market with more than 1,000,000 hundred-weight of muttons, and the same amount of bacon, about 20,000,000 eggs and scores of thousands of pigs, cattle and horses. Surely we might take example by this. This produce might equally well be brought into existence in England. But it never will be so long as our wretched system of education prevails in villages, so long as villagers are divorced from all property in land and so long as village life remains the dull, dreary thing it is. Let anyone only consider what might have been done for the rural population at home with the £180,000,000 that have been spent in relieving the oppressed millionaires in the Transvaal.

Reading Aloud.

The habit of reading aloud has much to recommend it. As mere exercise it is highly beneficial on account of the vigor which it confers on the chest and lungs, while the mental pleasure to be derived therefrom is extremely delightful, especially on the family circle. When the winter is upon us, with its long evenings, what could be more cheerful for the aged and infirm, gathered round the fire, what more instructive to the younger branches of the family, than the reading aloud of some interesting paper, book, or magazine, and who could do this with greater grace than one of the daughters of the family? It requires no great effort to attain proficiency in the art of reading aloud, no neglect of music or painting, or any other accomplishment; in fact, it is more a practice than a study, and one which the interest excited by new books and periodicals would always prevent from becoming dull or tiresome. Were women of all ranks of society to adopt the practice more than they do at present, they would attach to their homes many who are otherwise disposed to go in search of unworthy enjoyments, and would add another chain of pleasant associations hither to attach the young to the family hearth. Another advantage which it would confer on the fair readers themselves would be the improved utterance and intonation which correct reading would produce. Instead of that simpering and lisping which are so often to be met with even among women of the higher classes.—New York Weekly.

What Shall We Have for Desert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer today. Try a delicious desert. Prepared in two minutes. No baking! Add hot water and set to cool. Flavors—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers, 10c.

Sign Painting by Women.

In Berlin, sign painting is added to the list of trades practiced by women. Women sign painters undergo a regular apprenticeship, which includes gymnastic training, so that they may not lose their nerve when standing on a ladder or scaffolding.

Book for Every French Reservist.

Every French reservist, whether Parisian born or provincial immigrant, has a book containing his number, particulars of his service and a memorandum of the barracks to which he must repair upon the calling of the reserves.

A WOMAN'S AWFUL PERIL.

"There is only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation." These are the startling words heard by Mrs. I. B. Hunt, of Lima Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters, which wholly cured her. Its a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, cor. Main and North streets.

Woman or Slave?

Which do you prefer to be? Why be a slave to the many ills which harass women when you can be free? Have you any of these symptoms?

Disordered kidneys are indicated by pains in the back, distress or fullness after eating, scanty or scalding urine, weakness and chilliness in the limbs, nervousness, sleeplessness, loss of vitality, swelling in limbs or body or both, and sediment in the urine.

Stop the awful strain on your system by taking

MORROW'S

KID-NE-IDS

Suffering humanity is constantly finding quick and sure relief by using this wonderful medicine. Mild cases are often cured in a week.

KID-NE-IDS are yellow tablets and come packed in neat wooden boxes, enough for about two weeks' treatment. All drug stores sell them for 50c a box, six boxes, \$2.50. Your druggist will tell you the truthful testimony of those who have been cured by KID-NE-IDS in your town.

Morrow's Liver-Lax cures constipation, biliousness, costiveness—they sell for 25c a box—at all drug stores. Mailed on receipt of price. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co., Chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

Mrs. G. Howsher, 291 S. Pierce street, says: "Our daughter has been troubled with weak kidneys all her life. We tried many kinds of kidney medicine but none did her any good until we tried Morrow's Kid-Ne-ids. They relieved her in a few days." At all drug stores.



Stockton.

LOW ROUND TRIP

Rates to Florida and the South via C. H. & D. Ry.

Tickets now on sale. Good on all dates. Inquire of C. H. & D. agents for particulars.

TRY ALLENS FOOT-EASE.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. Your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot and get tired easy. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It will take the feet and make walking easy. Cures swollen, sweating feet, improving ails, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, La Roy, N. Y.

REDUCED FARES

Via Pennsylvania Lines for Christmas and New Year Holidays.

Excursion tickets will be sold December 22, 23, 24, 25 and 31, 1900, and January 1, 1901, via Pennsylvania lines account Christmas and New Year holidays. The rate for adults will be not less than 30 cents, nor less than 15 cents for children. Tickets will be good returning until January 2, 1901, inclusive. For details about fares, time of trains, etc., call on or address F. M. Eakin, ticket agent.

FOR HOARSENESS.

Benj. Ingersol, of Hutton, Ind., says he had not spoken a word above a whisper for months; and one bottle of Foley's Money and Tar restored his voice. It is used largely by speakers and singers. Take no substitute. H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, cor. Main and North streets.

U. S. STAMPS IN 1899.

The 1-cent, in buff, has a portrait of Benjamin Franklin.

The 2-cent, in brown—a picture of a horseman carrying the United States mail.

The 3-cent, in blue—a locomotive.

The 6-cent, also, in blue—a portrait of Washington.

The 10-cent, in yellow—the United States arms.

The 12-cent, in green—a steamship.

The 15-cent, in brown and blue—the "Landing of Columbus."

The 24-cent, in green and purple—the "Signing of the Declaration of Independence."

The 30-cent, in blue and carmine, again has the United States arms, as in the 10-cent value.

The 90-cent, in black and carmine, bears the portrait of our martyred president, Abraham Lincoln.

CHAD
Special Rates to
SOUTHERN RESORTS
Tickets now on sale
Hot Springs, Ark.
Hot Springs, Va.
Phoenix, Ariz.
Los Angeles, Cal.
San Francisco, Cal.
And all other tourist points, including Mexico or West Indian Islands.
C. H. & D. Ry. agents will be pleased to furnish full information relating to all points of interest to tourists.
The C. H. & D. is the most direct line south.

CASH
for acceptable ideas. State if patented. THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.
Subscription price of the Patent Record \$1.00 per annum. Samples free.

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WHY IN THE TERRITORY TRAVELLED BY THE...
Louisville AND Nashville Railroad.
The Great Central Southern Trunk Line.
KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE ALABAMA, MISSISSIPPI, FLORIDA.

Land and Farms.
TIMBER and STONE. IRON and COAL. LABOR—EVERYTHING.
Free sites, financial assistance, and freedom from taxation, for the manufacturer. Land and farms at low prices, and upwards and 60,000 acres in West Florida that can be taken gratis under U. S. Homestead laws.
Excursing in the Gulf Coast District will make enormous profits. Half fare excursions the first and third Tuesdays of each month.
Let us know what you want, and we will tell you where and how to get it—fast, don't delay, as the country is selling up rapidly. Printed matter, maps and all information free. Address, S. J. WENYER, General Immigration and Investment Agent, 428-47, LOUISVILLE, KY.

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makes kidneys and...
The Easy Food
Easy to Buy.
Easy to Cook.
Easy to Eat.
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
All groceries in 2-lb. pkgs. only.

ASTHMA
GUARANTEED RELIEF
ASTHMA TABLETS.
A POSITIVE cure for ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CROUP, HOARSENESS, and all other ailments of the throat and lungs. One tablet after each meal and at bedtime. Sold everywhere. Send stamp for one sample. 10c per box. C. H. & D. Ry.

Goal and Feed
HARRY RUMPLE.
A full line always in stock. Good goods, good equipment and good treatment.
Steam Coal a specialty.
112 and 114 North Kilbuck street. Robt. Phones

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Beware the signature of Dr. J. C. Watson.

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NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

